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Latin American Studies Association • Box 13362 University Station • Gainesville, Florida 32604
LATIN AMERICAN STUDIES ASSOCIATION

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ANNOUNCEMENTS

The Seventh National Meeting, a joint meeting with the African Studies Association, was held in Houston at the Shamrock Hilton Hotel, November 2-5, 1977. Further information appears elsewhere in this issue, and a final summary report will be published in the March, 1978, Newsletter. To all those who made this meeting possible, we offer the Association's most profound thanks, but especially to the membership who participated in such record numbers. We also wish to thank the Program Committee (Wayne Cornelius, Margaret Crahan, Jacinto Quiroste); the Committee on Local Arrangements (Philip B. Taylor, Richard N. Sinkin, Robert H. Dix, Richard Woods, Dennis Johnson); Julianne Burton, who once again organized our film screenings; Chancellor Barry Munitz of the University of Houston and the Massachusetts Institute of Technology for substantial financial support; and our volunteer and student help, anonymous and onymous. Finally, the strong participation by foreign scholars was made possible by grants from the following, to whom LASA remains deeply grateful: the Ford, Rockefeller, and Tinker Foundations; the Social Science Research Council; and the Bureau of Educational and Cultural Affairs of the U.S. Department of State.

Recipients of the Third LASA Citation for Distinguished Reporting on Latin America, announced at the Seventh National Meeting, are Joanne Ong of the Washington Post and Ted Szulc, a freelance writer residing in Washington, D.C. Wayne A. Cornelius, Department of Political Science, Massachusetts Institute of Technology, received the Second LASA Citation for Distinguished Scholarly Contribution to a non-academic periodical. Congratulations to all.

Papers presented at the Seventh National Meeting are not available from the Secretariat. Papers must be obtained from the individual paper presenters. A list of presenters and their addresses is available at no charge from the Secretariat.

As those who attended the Business Meeting of the Seventh National Meeting already know, the Executive Council is pleased to announce acceptance of the bid of the University of Illinois at Urbana-Champaign to house the LASA Secretariat for the period July, 1978 through July, 1981. Appropriate facilities will be provided to the Secretariat by Illinois's Center for Latin American and Caribbean Studies directed by Prof. Merlin H. Forster. The Executive Council is also particularly pleased to announce that Prof. Carl W. Deal, Associate Director of the Center and Latin American Librarian, will serve as LASA's Executive Director. Long active in LASA and CLASP affairs, Prof. Deal needs no introduction to the membership. To the post of Executive Director, Prof. Deal will bring valuable experience, administrative skills, and extensive knowledge of the field. Prof. Susan K. Flynn will assume the new post of Associate Executive Director. Further details of the transfer will be announced in future issues of the Newsletter, but the Sec-
retariat will not physically be transferred until July-August, 1978. The Executive Council expresses its appreciation to the University of Illinois for its willingness to support the Secretariat of the Association in its crucial second decade, and to the Center for Latin American Studies of the University of Florida for its extremely generous support in the 1972-1978 period. It is a measure of how far the Association has come that it is the beneficiary of such strong institutional commitment and support.

The Executive Council announces the opening of bidding to house the Latin American Research Review (LARR) for the 1979-1984 period. The Association's current contract with the University of North Carolina at Chapel Hill expires September 1, 1979. In view of the long lead time required to transfer an active journal, the Executive Council now invites bids from institutions interested in housing LARR. Further details and bid specifications are available from the Secretariat. Deadline for receipt of bids at the Secretariat is March 1, 1978.

The 1978 Nominating Committee, composed of Susan Eckstein (Sociology, Boston Univ.), Chairperson; and members Larry Lauerhass (Latin American Center, UCLA); Joseph Love (History, Univ. of Illinois); and Joaquin Roy (Foreign Languages, Univ. of Miami) has begun its labors. Members wishing to propose candidates for Vice-President or Executive Council membership are requested to get in touch with Prof. Eckstein or a member of the committee prior to January 20, 1978. Prof. Eckstein may be reached at 361 Harvard Street, Cambridge, Massachusetts 02138.

The Committee on Academic Freedom and Human Rights invites the cooperation of persons well-versed in the current situation of countries in Latin America in which gross violations of academic freedom and human rights are at present occurring. The Committee would like to assemble a list of academics who could be called upon as expert witnesses and as sources of relevant information for government and non-government organizations engaged in preparing reports on specific countries. Persons willing to have their names included in such a list are asked to get in touch with the Committee's incoming Chairperson, Thomas Skidmore, Department of History, University of Wisconsin, Madison 53706.

Resolutions and motions passed at the Business Meeting of the Seventh National Meeting in Houston appear on pages 9-12 of this issue. As provided in Section VI, Paragraph 3 of the Association's By-Laws, resolutions approved at the Business Meeting are subject to a mail ballot of the membership. The results of the balloting are as follows:

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The Committee on the Teaching of Latin American Studies at All Levels is pleased to announce the final three products of the first National Seminar on the Teaching of Latin American Studies (Albuquerque, 1975):

- **Odds and Ends: Instructional Materials for Latin American Study.** M. Williford & J.D. Casteel, eds. ($1.00)
- **Teaching Latin American Studies: Presentations Made at the National Seminar on the Teaching of Latin American Studies.** M. Williford & J.D. Casteel, eds. ($3.00)
- **Altiplano: A Simulation on Diversity in Bolivian Society.** Clara Gregory, Julia Mellen-bruch, Larry Perry, and Janet Stanberry. ($3.00)

The above, as well as earlier Seminar publications, may be ordered directly from the LASA Secretariat.
THE ASSOCIATION

THE HOUSTON MEETING
Evelyn P. Stevens, 1977 LASA President

Many LASA members who attended our Seventh National Meeting have written or called me to say that it was the biggest and best meeting ever held in the history of the Association. For those of you who were unable to attend, the sheer size and complexity of the Houston event are difficult to describe. The next issue of the Newsletter will carry a full report from the Program Committee containing statistics on attendance, number and type of activities, and number of participants in the activities. For the present, it is enough to recall that this was the first joint meeting we have ever held with another area studies association (African Studies) and that the registration figures for LASA alone were more than two and a half times those for any previous LASA meeting. Those who attended were presented with an abundant and tempting array of panels, workshops, discussion groups, concerts, art exhibits, and films; they were also able to meet and mingle with an unprecedented number of colleagues from the United States, Latin America (including Cuba), Western Europe, and the Soviet Union.

Although the work of many people contributed to various aspects of the meeting, the two persons most responsible for its success are Wayne Cornelius, chairperson, and Margaret Crahan, member, of the Program Committee. In December, 1975, these two began their efforts by working an average of twenty hours a week on meeting business; within a year this figure had escalated to about forty hours a week for Wayne and thirty for Margaret. Neither received released time from their respective universities and both continued to teach full time during the entire period. Wayne travelled to Houston once and Margaret went to Houston twice and several times to Washington, all on Program business—at their own expense.

The amount of paperwork involved in a meeting of this magnitude would boggle the mind of an ordinary person—but our Program Committee was not made up of "ordinary" people; Wayne personally answered over 2,000 specific inquiries, prepared the typescripts for the preliminary programs, and sent out over 3,000 letters in mass mailings. He also handled the travel arrangements for 93 of the foreign scholars—a task complicated by constantly changing schedules requiring reissue of many tickets. To reduce the financial burden of these operations for LASA, Wayne arranged to have the Massachusetts Institute of Technology (where he is a faculty member) absorb a substantial portion of the costs of secretarial help, xeroxing, postage, and telephone services.

While Wayne was handling these tasks, Margaret approached some 123 foundations in the U.S., obtaining, as a result, approximately $27,000.00 to cover the travel of the foreign scholars who participated in the meeting. To expedite the arrangements for the participation of the Cubans (the first such participation by Cubans in any scholarly meeting in the U.S. since 1959), Margaret travelled to Havana in May, 1977.

For several days before, during, and after the actual meeting both Wayne and Margaret worked about twenty hours a day every day in Houston, solving last-minute problems as they arose, filling in at the information counter and staffing the registration desk when volunteer help was insufficient. Margaret also made nine round trips in four days between the headquarters hotel and the airport, to assist arriving and departing foreign scholars.

A few months before the start of our meeting a potential problem had loomed when the management of the Shamrock Hilton Hotel informed the Program Committee that another group had been booked for a meeting beginning on November 5, the last day of the LASA meeting. The group was the American Rabbit Breeders' Association (ARBA) whose members planned to bring several hundred of their live specimens for exhibit in the hotel. Wayne and Margaret worked frantically with the hotel management to insure that the exhibits would not encroach on the space allotted to the LASA/ASA book exhibits. On the night of November 4, the rabbit invasion converged quietly on the fourth and fifth floors of the hotel's parking garage, but few if any of our members were aware of the fact. Those individuals in white coats with sew-on patches reading "Think Cavy" who roamed the lobby on November 5 were not, as some people thought, the advance party of the strait-jacket crew sent to cart off LASA's officers; they were ARBA animal handlers.

When Wayne Cornelius and Margaret Crahan appeared before the Executive Council to report on their activities, the Council members, recognizing their extraordinary efforts,
gave them by acclamation a vote of complete confidence and gratitude. In addition, in acknowledgement of the unprecedented difficulties inherent in organizing the Houston meeting—symbolized by the rabbit invasion—Cornelius and CRAHAN were designated co-recipients of the Leaping Lapin Award.

TEN SCHOLARS FROM CUBA PARTICIPATE IN VII NATIONAL MEETING
Margaret E. Crahan

Efforts were initiated in March, 1976, to assure Cuban participation in the VII National Meeting of LA, particularly in view of the denial by then Secretary of State Henry Kissinger of visas for Cuban scholars and artists to attend the VII National Meeting. In communicating its regret over that incident to the Cuban intellectual community, LA formally expressed the hope that Cuban interest in Latin American studies would lead them to participate in the 1977 meeting. Conversations were immediately initiated with Cuban diplomatic representatives in the U.S. by me on behalf of the Program Committee and these efforts were followed up in visits to Cuba by me, as well as by Richard Fagen and Riordan Roett. Considerable interest was expressed by a number of Cuban scholars and invitations were extended in late 1976 and early 1977 by the Program Committee, as well as by the chairpersons of individual sessions. Meanwhile the State Department was approached in order to facilitate the issuance of visas.

Cuban participation in the meeting was confirmed in September, 1977, with the initial acceptances numbering three. These subsequently rose to ten including Mirta Aguirre Carrera, literary historian and poet; Santiago Díaz Paz, political scientist; John Dumoulin, anthropologist and historian; Roberto Fernández Retamar, poet and essayist; María Rosa Gentile Martínez, historian; Isabel Larguiá, historian; Milagros Martínez Reynoso, literary historian; Esteban Morales Hernández, economist; Manuel Moreno Fraginals, economic historian; and Oscar Pino Santos, economic historian. Their participation was made possible largely through the assistance of the Ford Foundation, together with the Social Science Research Council and Yale University.

At Houston the scholars from Cuba made presentations in three sessions: Historical Perspectives on Cuban Economy and Society, Section I: Los raíces de la realidad cubana and Section II: La realidad cubana de hoy, in addition to the Plenary Session: Marxist Perspectives on the Political Economy of Africa and Latin America. In addition they contributed from the floor to discussions at a good number of other sessions. Of considerable value according to the scholars from Cuba were the opportunities for individual exchanges not only with Latin Americanists, but also with Africanists.

The incorporation of scholars from Cuba pointed up the benefits of such interchange and led to the introduction of a motion at the LA business meeting calling for the lifting of the U.S. embargo on Cuba in order to facilitate the free exchange of ideas, resources, and persons and encourage the establishing of a full and mutually respectful set of relationships between the United States and Cuba. The reception the scholars from Cuba received from the LA membership in Houston by and large convinced them that this is the hope of the academic community.

EIGHTH NATIONAL MEETING
PITTSBURGH, April 5-7, 1979
FIRST REPORT OF THE LA PROGRAM COMMITTEE

The Program Committee for the Latin American Studies Association National Meeting in 1979 held several meetings at the recent LA National Meeting in Houston, including one open meeting with LA members interested in participating in the 1979 National Meeting in Pittsburgh. In addition, questionnaires were distributed to all registrants at the Houston meeting to elicit suggestions for our planning. The Program Committee wishes to thank all those who returned completed questionnaires to us, as well as other LA members who have made suggestions in other ways.

From this information, we have compiled the list of proposals which appears below. The topics proposed thus far are being announced to give LA members the opportunity to volum-
teer papers on these subjects, to offer to coordinate new sessions or these sessions, to serve as discussants, or make any other suggestions. WE REQUEST YOUR COOPERATION NOW IN MAKING NEW PROPOSALS TO COORDINATE PANELS, WORKSHOPS, OR ROUNDTABLES, AND TO PRESENT PAPERS. A more up-to-date mailing to the membership will go out in January, 1978, in or -er to facilitate once more membership participation in the planning of the 1979 Program.

In order to consider your proposals seriously, we need some biographical information about yourself, and we need a description of your proposed topic (one sentence descriptions are not enough). For those who are proposing to coordinate a session, we need to know your thoughts about format; a conventional panel, a workshop, a roundtable, or some other format. We also need to know the names of persons you might approach to present papers, or whom you have already approached.

PANEL PROPOSALS (ALL FORMATS) ARE WELCOME UNTIL APRIL 1, 1978. The Program Committee will meet in April to select the proposals for the 1979 National Meeting. We will consider all the information received until that time in making our decisions consonant with the guidelines adopted at Austin by LASA years ago. A preliminary list of panels will appear in the June, 1978, Newsletter. Final decisions regarding papers and workshop participants will be made by session coordinators after they are notified of the acceptance of their proposals in May, 1978. The principal criterion for selection will be the quality of proposals, supplemented by the representational diversity of our membership. The Program Committee expects to ensure that the diversity of the membership will be reflected in the program.

The Program Committee expects to raise funds to bring participants from Latin America once again to participate in the National Meeting. Suggestions about this from all LASA members will be very much appreciated. We will also appreciate your suggestions about the more informal aspects of the program, including exhibits, cultural events, and the scheduling of opportunities for informal contacts to be made.

If you are interested in proposing new topics for panels or other activities, or in participating in any panel as a paper-giver or other participant, if you are willing to coordinate a panel (several of these have no proposed coordinator), please write to the LASA Program Coordinator, Jorge I. Domínguez, as soon as possible, at: Center for International Affairs, Harvard University, 6 Divinity Avenue, Cambridge, Massachusetts 02138. An updated list of topics will be published in subsequent Newsletters.

1979 Program Committee

Celia C. De Zapata         Douglas Graham        Shirley Harkess     Mary Kay Vaughan
(San Jose State, Calif.)  (Ohio State)        (Kansas)            (Illinois-Chicago Circle)

Jorge I. Domínguez
(Harvard, Coordinator)

PROPOSED PANEL TOPICS

S1 Spanish, Creole and Afro-negro languages
S2 Marxist perspectives on Latin American colonial history
S3 European immigrant communities either in La Plata area or general
S6 Environmental usage in Latin America
S7 U.S. academic programs in Latin America
S9 Popular support for regime norms in Latin America
S10 Comparative studies of working class politicization
S11 Historical evaluation of political participation in Latin America
S13 Preservation of cultural resources, especially architecture
S14 A look at cultural synthesis and creolization of languages; the merging of the variables of sex, race, and class in former plantation economies
S15 Ecclesiastical and political dimensions of change in the church in Latin America
S16 Nuclear materials proliferation; N-S Economic Dialogue; L.A. Industrialization and Mobilization; Oil Resources; Illegal Aliens; Soviet/Communist Intrusions; Panama Canal; Human Rights; Reform in Social and Political Terms; Drug Traffic and Control; Armed Conflict Potential/Arms Acquisition/U.S. Arms Sales
Modern forms of authoritarian states in L.A.; The problem of the state capitalism in L.A.; Theoretical Approaches for the study of authoritarian regimes in L.A.; The impact of transnational corporations on the repulatory role of modern L.A. States

Historical preservation and restoration LA/US; Wildlife preservation in LA; Environmental impact of LA economic development in LA; 19th century LA art, architecture, and music

Current topics of the Borderlands area: migration, economics, politics, borderland culture, etc.; Regional economies of Latin America: Markets, transportation networks, peasant culture, etc.

Cuba in the 1970's: Evaluating the institutionalization of the revolution

The politics, economics and geography of energy in Brazil

Positive and negative effects of U.S. H.R. initiatives; Military Part in government; Observer vs. Activist Roles for Academicians

Problems of Restoring Farm output in ex-colonial plantation economies; Mexican development and labor employment prospects; Functional economic integration (transport, power, labor, services) prospects in the Caribbean and Latin America

Probabilities of International Conflict in L.A.

Causes of or course of Mexican revolution

Transportation and regional development: Entrepreneurship and regional development; The social and cultural factors of modernization and development public policies at the regional and local level and regional development

Oral history research involving Mexican nationals and Mexican American along the U.S.–Mexican border

Impact of dependent development upon Colombian peasantry or only upon women

Post-coup Chile; Regional efforts at economic integration from political perspective; Peru-Chile-Bolivia 100 years after the war of the Pacific; The issue of the Corridor (social-political-economic implications); confrontation?; Political violence/terrorism: if appropriate to current events; Attitudinal research findings communications intricacies: popular outlooks toward contemporary issues; mechanics of the communication process in specific regions

The image of the black woman in Latin American theater

Latin American Military

PROPOSED TOPICS FOR WORKSHOPS

Possibility of war in South America

Politics and regionalism in the Caribbean

The role of films in teaching Latin American Studies

Economic and Political integration of Amerindian groups in National Societies

Latin Music as teaching device: Enjoy learning

Creative teaching of Latin American–African materials in small Colleges

Some aspects of U.S.–L.A. relations

Teaching (of research on) Latin American Literature

Argentina, International American Relation; Problems of publication

Women and Domestic Economy Frontier Expansion

The role of technology in Latin American development; Cultural differences and their impact on the use of technology in Latin America

Optimum Means of aiding the small scale sector: experience from N.E. Brazil, Colombia and Mexico

Non Diplomatic aspects of U.S. Policy

PROPOSED TOPICS FOR LUNCHEON ROUNDTABLES

Government–Press relations in Latin America

Factors which promote cultural exchange and improved personal as well as institutional understanding and appreciation regarding U.S.–Latin American relations. This could involve personal, community, institutional, and even national endeavors: More on Latin American society, education, culture (foods, lifestyle, including impact on U.S., and vice versa) etc.
R3 Small College teaching; historic preservation in the U.S. and L.A.

PROPOSED PAPER TOPICS

P1 The new versus old international economic order
P4 Tourism and development; berbadian or West Indian development
P5 Historical quantitative methods
P7 Latin American Agriculture or either pre-Columbian or Colonial architecture

MEMORANDUM

November 14, 1977

TO: Members of the Latin American Studies Association
FROM: Maxine Margolis, Outgoing Chair, LASA Committee on Women
RE: White House Briefing on the Panama Canal Treaties

On November 10, 1977, I was invited as (outgoing) chair of the Committee on Women of LASA to attend a White House briefing on the Panama Canal Treaties. A group of seventy women, representing such diverse organizations as the National Organization of Women, Women's Lobby, National Association of Black Women Lawyers, Cuban Women of America, American Political Science Association, Zero Population Growth, American Civil Liberties Union, and so forth, attended the briefing.

The group was briefed by Ambassador Popper, a treaty negotiator; Admiral Holloway, Chief of Naval Operations; Secretary of the Air Force Stetson; National Security Advisor Brzezinski, and President Carter, on the contents of the treaties and their implications for national and international political and economic relations. They strongly urged us to get in touch with our respective constituencies and lobby for the ratification of the treaties. President Carter suggested that we not only write letters to our Senators urging support for the treaties but write local Letters to the Editor, appear on panels as well as local radio and television shows, to publicize the need for the ratification of the treaties.

All the speakers at the briefing noted that the well-organized and well-financed opponents of the treaties were lobbying hard and effectively and must be counter balanced by a strong effort on the part of those favoring the treaties if ratification is to pass the Senate by a two-thirds majority. Members of LASA--the academic association concerned with Latin America--clearly have a unique responsibility to educate the public on the provisions of and need for the treaties. I, therefore, urge every LASA member to write his/her Senator urging support of the treaties and to publicize the need for ratification through diverse channels within their respective communities.

Editor's Note: Elsewhere in this issue, members will find the texts of resolutions approved at the Seventh National Meeting and subsequently ratified by mail ballot, including one on the Panama Canal Treaties.
SEVENTH NATIONAL MEETING
RESOLUTIONS

The following resolutions were passed at the Business Meeting of the Seventh National Meeting in Houston, Texas, November 4, 1977, and were subsequently approved by the membership in the required mail ballot.

On the Panama Canal Treaties

Whereas, the pending treaties between the United States of America and the Republic of Panama with regard to the future of the Panama Canal are of vital importance to hemispheric relations.

Whereas, these treaties are now before the United States Senate for its advice and consent.

Whereas, these treaties would mutually benefit both countries and are genuine compromises born of long years of negotiation in good spirit by both parties.

Whereas, the Latin American Studies Association exists to promote knowledge and good will between the American nations.

Be it resolved that the Latin American Studies Association strongly supports these treaties and urges the United States Senate to ratify these diplomatic instruments which are crucial for the preservation and enhancement of present and future amicable relations among all the American nations.

Human Rights in Peru

The Latin American Studies Association expresses its concern to the President of Peru, General Francisco Morales Bermúdez; the Peruvian Ambassador to the United States, The Honorable Carlos García Bedoya; the Secretary of State, Cyrus Vance; and the Assistant Secretary of State for Inter-American Affairs, Terence A. Todman, over the deteriorating situation regarding human rights in Peru.

LASA is concerned about the increasing repression aimed at trade union leaders and members of labor organizations. Specifically, LASA is concerned about the firing from their jobs of thousands of trade union leaders and workers who participated in the general strike of July 19, 1977, the arrest and expatriation without legal recourse of labor leaders and lawyers, and the jailing of lawyers, intellectuals, and journalists.

The membership of LASA via its Executive Council urges President Morales Bermúdez to 1) reinstate all workers fired from their jobs; 2) repatriate all exiles; 3) free all political prisoners; and 4) abolish press censorship in Peru. We look forward to the elections promised by the Peruvian Government and hope that they will include the full establishment of the legislature and local governments by popular vote.

On the Defense of Academic Freedom and Human Rights in Brazil

Whereas, the Latin American Studies Association is committed to the practice and defense of academic freedom and human rights, not only in the United States but also in all parts of the Western Hemisphere;

Whereas students and faculty of the Law School (Faculdade de Direito) of the University of São Paulo have recently called for the return to the rule of law in Brazil, reiterating similar appeals by the National Bar Association of Brazil (Ordem dos Advogados do Brasil), the Commission for Justice and Peace of the Archdiocese of São Paulo, and countless other national volunteer association institutions;

Whereas, students and faculty at the Pontifical Catholic University of São Paulo, the University of Brasília and other centers of higher learning in the nation have—at great personal risk and with courage and prudence—repeatedly defended academic freedom and human rights for all Brazilians in the face of continuing and sometimes violent acts of repression;

Be it resolved that:

The Latin American Studies Association direct its Executive Secretary to send a letter
of fraternal greetings, solidarity and support to the Brazilian scholarly community for
their abiding commitment to the return to the rule of law, their courageous struggle a-
against violations of academic freedom, and finally their just defense of freedom of ex-
pression and association;

Copies of this letter and resolutions are to be sent to the Rector of the Law School of
the University of São Paulo, the President of the Brazilian Society for the Advancement
of Science (Sociedade Brasileira para o Progresso da Ciência) and, insofar as possible, to
rectors of all Brazilian universities and officers of the student organizations of the
same;

Another letter to be sent to His Eminence Dom Paulo Evaristo Cardinal Arns, Archbishop
of São Paulo and Grand Chancellor of the Pontifical Catholic University of São Paulo, ex-
pressing LASA's admiration for his pastoral defense of the students of his university;

Copies of these letters and resolutions be sent to the following persons and institu-
tions: S and R. Raymundo Faoro, President of the National Bar Association of Brazil; S and
R. Dalmo Dallari, Chairman of the Justice and Peace Commission of the Archdiocese of São
Paulo; the President, Foreign Minister, and Minister of Education of the Federative Re-
public of Brasil; the President, Secretary of State, and Secretary of Health, Education,
and Welfare of the United States of America;

The widest possible publicity be given to this action, first in the LASA Newsletter and
other academic publications and by all other means so that the American academic community
can become readily aware and thus act responsibly in regard to the vigilant offense of aca-
demic freedom in Brazil.

On Human Rights in Brazil

Whereas the human rights of Brazilian academics and the Brazilian public at large have
frequently been violated in recent years, as previous LASA resolutions and reports have
documented; and whereas Raymundo Faoro (known to LASA members as the author of Os donos do
poder and Machado de Assis) is now president of the Ordem dos Advogados do Brasil (the OAB,
corresponding to the American Bar Association); and whereas Sr. Faoro has publicly and re-
peatedly defended human rights and the rule of law (including the denunciation of torture)
in a series of speeches and interviews given throughout Brazil;*

This Association resolves 1) to express its solidarity with Sr. Faoro and the OAB in
the defense of human rights in Brazil; 2) to request that the American Bar Association ex-
amine the status of habeas corpus in Brazil and to that end consider a consultation with
OAB counterparts; 3) to send copies of this resolution to the Presidents of the Brazilian
and American Bar Associations, and the governments of Brazil and the United States, and
appropriate officers of the Organization of American States and the United Nations.

*See, for example, "Faoro aprova denúncia de torturas," Jornal do Brasil, August 14, 1977,
19 caderno; OAB Notícias, 45 (April, 1977).

MOTIONS

The following motions from the floor were approved at the Business Meeting for forward-
ing to the Executive Council for its action:

"On the U.S. Embargo of Cuba"

The Latin American Studies Association, as an organization that has worked for many
years to maintain and extend relations between Cuban and U.S. scholars, wishes to express
its great pleasure in welcoming a group of distinguished Cubans to LASA's Seventh National
Meeting. Although changes sufficient to allow the attendance of these scholars have taken
place since the last LASA meeting, the essential elements of the U.S. embargo of Cuba are
still in force. As repeatedly expressed in previous LASA resolutions and motions, this
embargo is both an anachronism and an impediment to the free exchange of ideas, resources,
and persons. We thus call on the Carter Administration to lift the embargo as a next and
necessary step in the process of establishing a full and mutually respectful set of re-
relationships with Cuba.

Margaret E. Crahan
Wayne A. Cornelius
Richard Fagen
Alfred Stepan

"An Appeal to the Uruguayan Government on Flavio Tavares"

Whereas Flavio Tavares, a Brazilian journalist, has been imprisoned in Uruguay since July 14, 1977, awaiting trial on charges of espionage, which will take ten months to conclude,

Whereas, the detention of Tavares is gravely endangering his precarious health,

Whereas journalists of several countries (the Brazilian Press Association, the Syndicate of Spanish Journalists) and the Secretary-General of the United Nations have appealed for prompt action by the Uruguayan government,

Whereas the Brazilian government has shown concern over his physical condition,

We as a group of members of the Latin American Studies Association gathered at our National Meeting, urgently call upon the Uruguayan government to save Flavio Tavares from death in jail either by trying him speedily or by releasing him immediately.

David M. Trubek Werner Baer Joel Edelstein and others
Louis Goodman Richard Weisskoff Richard Harris
Hobart Spalding Donald Bray Marjorie Bray
Elinor Burkett Elsa Chaney William Bollinger
Clovis Moura Timothy Harding Elizabeth Dore
Wayne Cornelius Raul Fernandez John Weeks
Thomas Skidmore Dale Johnson Ron Chilcote
Angelia M. Gilliam Terry Fee Jim Cockcroft
Peter Knight Norma Chinchilla Ralph della Cava
Leni Silverstein James Nutz Margaret E. Crahan

"On the Equal Rights Amendment (E.R.A.)"

In view of LASA's long standing concern and support for basic human rights in the hemisphere,

And because LASA has taken an active position with respect to women's rights in particular, through its resolutions and official policy,

And in view of the continuing need for LASA, as well as other organizations, to consistently support its stand on Human Rights issues wherever and whenever possible,

Be it so moved that LASA will not convene its forthcoming National Meetings in any state which has not ratified the Equal Rights Amendment (E.R.A.) to the U.S. Constitution, or until such time as the E.R.A. becomes an effective part of the U.S. Constitution.

To activate the motion, we recommend and urge the Executive Council of LASA to communicate the contents of this motion to the Convention Centers, Governors or other appropriate officials of those states which have not ratified the E.R.A. as well as to those states which are considering withdrawal of ratification votes.

"On Human Rights in Chile"

(1) That LASA reaffirms its commitment to the restoration of academic freedom, civil liberties, and human rights in Chile;

(2) That LASA continue to support efforts to assist victims of political repression in Chile, including the large number of scholars and researchers who have suffered persecution since September 11, 1973;

(3) That LASA expresses special concern for the fate of Chileans who have disappeared after detention by police and security forces, including the recent disappearance of Professor of History Fernando Ortiz Letelier, late of the University of Chile;

(4) That LASA continue to cooperate in efforts to inform the public about Chilean con-
ditions;
(5) That LASA continue to urge upon appropriate officials and agencies of the U.S. government the desire of LASA's membership for policies that better reflect our country's democratic values.

"Appeal to the President of the Argentine Military Junta"

We deplore the recent disappearance of distinguished Argentine architect Mario Tempone, Ex-Director of the Faculty of Architecture and Urbanism of the National University of Buenos Aires, and request that all guarantees for the safety of Dr. Tempone and his family be observed.

The National Coordinating Center in Solidarity with Chile is sponsoring a tour of U.S. universities by three distinguished Chilean scholars and academicians, February 12-March 4, 1978. Participating are: Enrique Kriberg, former Rector, State Technical University and Professor of Electrical Engineering; Eugenio Velasco, former Dean, Law Faculty, University of Chile and Professor of Law; and Fernando Martínez, member, Council of Presidents of Student Federation, University of Chile. Persons and institutions interested in inviting one or all of the above scholars to visit their campuses are asked to get in touch with the Center immediately. Please note that honoraria will probably be necessary. For further information, write or phone Susan Borenstein at the Center, 156 Fifth Avenue, New York, New York 10010. Telephone: (212) 989-0085.
IN MEMORIAM

Jane Van Der Karr Basile
1937-1977

Jane van Der Karr Basile died, after a short illness, on February 20, 1977, at Ormond Beach, Florida. Born May 6, 1937, in Syracuse, New York, Prof. Basile was educated at Barnard College (B.A.), Columbia University (M.A.), and New York University, where she received the Ph.D. in 1972. Dr. Basile's area of concentration was Latin America, with a specialty in Argentina. She taught at several institutions before joining our department at Nassau Community College in 1968. She was on leave from Nassau since September, 1973. Prof. Basile was a member of several historical and professional organizations, among them the Latin American Studies Association, the American Association of University Women, and the American Historical Association.

Dr. Basile's professional concerns were extensive. She travelled widely in Latin America and the Iberian Peninsula to engage in archival and field research. Prof. Basile co-ordinated and administered a television series for the University of the Air Program in Latin American History for Nassau and Rockland Community Colleges. She presented a series of radio lectures in the United States and Latin America on inter-American diplomacy, and organized programs of study on the Americas for several colleges. In the summer of 1974, Dr. Basile assumed charge of an expedition of academicians and students of anthropology to the Petén forest region of Guatemala where the group restored a Mayan pyramid at Uaxactun, near the Tikal ruins.

Dr. Basile wrote a number of important articles and essays on various aspects of Argentine and hemispheric history for U.S. and Argentine reviews, inter-American periodicals, and encyclopedias. Argentina and the Great War (Buenos Aires: Troquel, 1974), an account of Argentine neutrality during World War I, was translated into Spanish and is now in its second edition. Dr. Basile co-authored with her husband, Dr. Juan Carlos Basile, former Secretary of State for Housing and Urban Development in the Argentine Republic and past President of the Argentine National Mortgage Bank, José Ingenieros, the Story of a Scientist-Humanist (New York: Vantage, 1977). A National Humanities Foundation Fellowship for 1973-1974 enabled Dr. Basile to devote her efforts to an intensive examination of the Juan Perón years. She continued her study in 1975 as a research scholar attached to the Argentine Ministry of Culture and Education. She also served as a consultant on United States-Argentine affairs. Recently, Prof. Basile directed the initial phase of a project, sponsored by the Argentine Ministry of Culture and Education, to compile twentieth century Argentine state documents which are, at present, dispersed through U.S. governmental files in Washington, D.C. Dr. Basile represented the Florida Chapter of the American Association of University Women at the U.N. International Women's Conference held in Mexico City in 1975. As a result of her interests in inter-American developments, Prof. Basile received wide recognition and was honored by South American civic, cultural, and professional organizations. Two documentary studies were in progress at the time of her death: Juan Perón: Life and Time, and The Truth of Juan Perón.

Jane will be remembered by her colleagues and students as an historian of considerable promise and achievement, as an excellent teacher, and for her cooperative attitude in faculty governance. She gave much of herself to history, to Nassau, the faculty, and students. She is survived by her husband, and her son, John.

Ronald S. Cunsolo
Department of History and Political Science
Nassau Community College
Garden City, New York
LETTERS TO THE EDITOR

From R. Jon Fosdick, September 27, 1977:

Dr. Evelyn Stevens, President  
Latin American Studies Association  
Box 13362 University Station  
Gainesville, Florida 32604

Dear Dr. Stevens:

It was indeed a pleasure to meet you during your recent visit to Washington and to learn of your desire to increase contact between your LASA membership and Latin American leaders invited to the United States under the auspices of the State Department's International Visitor Program.

VPS is a national programming agency under contract with the Department of State and has the responsibility of arranging professional programs for approximately 200 visitors annually from Central and South America and the Caribbean. The great majority of our visitors are in the fields of government, politics, and the media.

Most of our visitors are invited to the United States for a period of 30 days. All travel expenses, both international and domestic, are provided under their State Department grant. They also receive sufficient funds to cover room and board expenses. Non-English speaking visitors are accompanied by Escort-Interpreters. All of our programs and itineraries are tailor-made to the visitor's interests.

We share with you the view that more interaction is needed between our visitors and U.S. scholars of Latin American affairs. I am sure your membership would welcome visits to their campuses of their Latin counterparts, and I feel confident these visits would be mutually beneficial. We who arrange United States programs and itineraries for foreign visitors are under constant time pressures. Many times we fail to even suggest to our visitors a particular institution or scholar because of lack of knowledge or time do to the necessary research. It is in this area that we solicit your help.

To those with an interest in meeting our visitors from Latin America (and the Caribbean area), we would welcome hearing from you. If you could provide us with information on your country specialization, academic field of interest, or even specific areas of research, it would be most helpful. With this information at hand, I know that we can do a better job and that the objectives of the International Visitor Program will be better served.

Sincerely yours,

/s/ R. Jon Fosdick  
Program Officer  
Visitor Program Service of Meridian House International  
1776 Massachusetts Avenue, N.W.  
Washington, D.C. 20036  

Telephone: (202) 452-0606

Editor's Note: We are publishing this letter at the request of Pres. Stevens who wishes to bring its contents to the attention of the membership.
From Oscar Ferraro, August 5, 1977:

Señor
Professor Robert M. Levine
Department of History
SUNY at Stony Brook
Stony Brook, New York 11794
U.S.A.

Distinguido Profesor Levine:

El Centro Paraguayo de Documentación Social es una institución sin fines de lucro, creada a fines de 1969 por el Centro Paraguayo de Estudios Sociológicos. Su objetivo básico es el de preservar los materiales documentales del país y poner a disposición de estudiosos nacionales como extranjeros.

El CPDS fue organizado con el aporte interno exclusivo de entidades nacionales y donaciones personales y se debe su fundación a los crecientes requerimientos de un adecuado servicio de documentación social en las diversas áreas.

Hasta la fecha, se han publicado diversos libros en áreas tales como: etnología y antropología, educación, economía y tiene además dos publicaciones regulares: Boletín del CPDS y Documentación Paraguaya, este última en colaboración con la revista Paraguaya de Sociología.

El CPDS cuenta con una pequeña colección de Slides de las ruinas jesuíticas, emprendimiento religioso del siglo XVII y de las imágenes populares, las mismas abarcan un total de 400 slides. Se puede decir que es lo más completo que existe en el país como testimonio cultural.

El interés del centro es encontrar una institución capaz de apoyar un programa para pasar en medios audiovisuales, de manera a tener por lo menos un testimonio impreso en película de estas colecciones que a través del tiempo se van perdiendo en cantidades extraordinarias.

Mucho le agradeceríamos si pudiera usted informarnos al respecto, de otra manera dudamos mucho de poder hallar los mecanismos para llevar adelante esta recuperación documental de parte de la historia del país.

Sin otro particular, le saluda muy atentamente.

/s/ Oscar Ferraro
Director Adjunto
Centro Paraguayo de Documentación Social
Eligio Ayala 973
Asunción
PARAGUAY

tel. 43 734

Editor's Note: We are publishing this letter at the request of Prof. Levine.
PEDAGOGY

THE CENTER FOR CUBAN STUDIES is compiling a list of courses on Cuba and the Caribbean in the areas of history, culture, literature, politics, music, etc. The Center is a tax-exempt educational institution whose purpose is to provide a wide range of resource material on Cuba to the academic community. The Center distributes films, art works, books, magazines, records—many of which are otherwise unavailable.

The Center would appreciate receiving a list of all courses on Cuba and/or the Caribbean which are taught at your school, as well as a syllabus and bibliography for each course. Also useful would be a list of course instructors, with complete addresses and phone numbers of those working in this area. For further information contact Theodore Roberts, Promotion Director, Center for Cuban Studies, 220 East 23rd Street, New York, New York 10010. Telephone: (212) 685-9038

The UNIVERSITY OF TEXAS-AUSTIN announces four publications for the classroom teacher:

- Latin American Culture Studies: Information and Materials for Teaching about Latin America, Edward Clab, Jr., ed., K-12 ($6.00)
- Mexican Celebrations, María Garza-Lubeck and Ana María Salinas, K-12 ($2.00)
- Algunos Animales de Latino America, Kathryn Thompson, K-5 ($2.00)
- Key Ideas and Concepts in Teaching about Latin America, Catherine Cornbleth and Clark C. Gill, 5-12 ($2.00)

For more information or to order, write to: Office of Outreach Programs, Institute of Latin American Studies, University of Texas, Austin, Texas 78712.

RESEARCH

BENTHAM PROJECT, UNIVERSITY COLLEGE LONDON

The primary purpose of the Bentham Project is the preparation of a new edition of the Collected Works of Jeremy Bentham. The project is based at University College London, where by far the largest collection of Bentham's manuscripts is housed. An agreement has recently been reached with Tulane University, New Orleans, for the establishment there of a Bentham Center which will in due course play a substantial part in the editorial and research work. This development will be of the greatest possible help in furthering the work of the Project; but more help is needed, both in money and manpower, to enable the specifically Latin American interests of the Project to develop in ways commensurate with the material available.

Some years ago the General Editor, Professor J.H. Burns (who now holds this post jointly with Dr. J.R. Dimwiddy, Royal Holloway College, London), made a preliminary investigation of Bentham's writings, published and unpublished, on colonies and colonial policy. He was struck by the importance and mass of a work entitled Rid Yourselves of Ultramaria which was drafted and redrafted between 1818 and 1822 but never published. It was addressed to Spain and Portugal, urging them to give up their Latin American colonies, and was, in a sense, an elaborate sequel to a similar appeal Bentham had addressed to the revolutionary government in France in 1792, under the title Emancipate Your Colonies! Professor Burns's attention was also drawn at an early stage by Professor R.H. Humphreys to the extensive correspondence between Bentham and leading statesmen and others in early 19th century Spain, Portugal, the Latin American Republics, and the United States.

Bentham's Iberian correspondence is now in the final stages of preparation for publication under the Editorship of Dr. Pedro Schwartz, Professor in the History of Economic Thought, University of Madrid, and Associate Part-time Fellow of University College London. This will be a bilinguial English/Spanish edition: the English text will at a later stage figure in the appropriate volumes of the Correspondence of Jeremy Bentham, a series within the Collected Works. Many contacts have been made with scholars working in the field of nineteenth century Latin American history; more would be welcomed and would add to the value of the edition. In some instances it is proving particularly difficult to fill in back-
ground material on people, places, and events mentioned in the correspondence, as sources are not readily available. Some of these problems may be solved by a greater pooling of expertise and information.

There is also scope for more detailed research on other aspects of Bentham's Iberian interests. Mention has already been made of Rid Yourselves of Ultramaria, which is in the early stages of editorial preparation; this work contains a wealth of ideas on commercial practices, constitutional innovation, legal structures and educational systems that may be applied in newly-independent states. There are several other works addressed to the Spanish nation between 1820 and 1823 that need to be re-edited and published. Further research needs to be done on the substantial group of Spanish writings that were based on the French recensions compiled from Bentham's manuscripts and published works by Etienne Dumont and published from 1802 onwards, e.g., Núñez's Espiritu de Bentham (1821). Participation in this part of the Project would be welcomed and information will readily be supplied to those interested. Please contact Claire H.G. Gobbi, The Bentham Committee, University College London, Gower Street, London WC1E 6BT, England.

HISPANIC AMERICAN PERIODICALS INDEX

For the first time since 1970, Hispanists now have easy access to current information on Latin America and the Caribbean published in scholarly journals in the social sciences and humanities through the Hispanic American Periodicals Index (HAPI), funded by the National Endowment for the Humanities and published by the UCLA Latin American Center. HAPI provides full subject and author access to a wide range of articles, short stories, film reviews, archaeological site reports, book reviews, statistical data and other information published in over 200 journals from or about Latin America. Of the journals currently being indexed, 17% are published in Mexico, 10% in Brazil, 27% in the remaining South American countries, 17% in Central America and the Caribbean and 28% in the United States and Europe. The first volume of HAPI includes more than 7,500 articles written in English, Spanish, Portuguese, French and German which appeared in 1975. Subsequent annual volumes will be issued as quickly as possible until the index is brought fully up to date. Expert indexing assistance for HAPI is provided by an international panel of professors and librarians under the auspices of SALALM, and editing has been carried out by a team of professional scholars. Produced by computer, HAPI has been carefully designed for easy use; author and subject entries are arranged in two alphabets, full bibliographic information is provided in each citation and a network of cross references guide users to a full range of related information. The Hispanic American Periodicals Index—1975 is available through the UCLA Latin Center Publications, 405 Hilgard Avenue, Los Angeles, California 90024 for $75.00 including taxes and handling charges. If ordered before April 1, 1978, the price is reduced to $60.00.

EXCHANGE PROGRAM FOR MICROFILMS OF BRAZILIAN NEWSPAPERS

The Library of Congress and the Biblioteca Nacional of Brazil recently agreed to an exchange program involving microfilms of Brazilian newspapers which will strengthen the holdings of Brazilian newspapers in both national libraries as well as resources throughout Brazil and the United States. The Biblioteca Nacional in Rio de Janeiro, under the leadership of Dona Jannice Monte-Mor, has developed capabilities for archival microfilming and inaugurated a preservation microfilming program for major newspapers published in Brazil during the 19th and 20th centuries. The Library of Congress has been microfilming selected contemporary Brazilian newspapers since 1962 and has built up a significant collection of holdings on film. In 1970–1972, the Library of Congress arranged for the cooperative microfilming, in Brazil, of the complete holdings of the São Paulo newspaper O Estado de São Paulo for the period January, 1875–August, 1956.

Under the program, the Library of Congress and the Biblioteca Nacional will exchange reels of positive microfilm of the titles each institution has filmed, thereby mutually strengthening the holdings of each library and eliminating duplications. Filming the complete holdings of the Rio de Janeiro newspaper O Jornal do Commercio for the period 1827 to date has the highest priority under this program. O Jornal do Commercio is the oldest continuously published newspaper in all of South America and is considered by many to be
the most significant Brazilian newspaper for the 19th century, and one of the more important national newspapers published today.

**ORGANIZATION OF AMERICAN STATES**

The Organization of American States through its Department of Cultural Affairs is sponsoring a comprehensive study of the historical sources available on the relations between the United States and Panama since 1903, including the background on the Isthmian canal idea since the early nineteenth century. The purpose of this project is to gather information on the material located in archives, libraries, and other places, not only in Panama and in the United States, but also in Colombia, France, Great Britain, and Spain. A guide to all data uncovered will also be prepared and published. The research conducted in the United States is focusing primarily on the considerable material available at the National Archives, in Washington, D.C., and on government documents, manuscripts, and other sources located in public and private institutions in the country. Celso Rodríguez is in charge of researching the sources in the United States. Please direct all inquiries to him.

**PUBLICATION OF HISTORICAL STATISTICS OF CHILE**

The Tinker Foundation has provided funds to the University of Wisconsin-Milwaukee for the updating and extension of Volume I (National Accounts) and Volume II (Demography) of the *Historical Statistics of Chile, 1840-1964*, Four Vol. Mimeo by Markos Mamalakis. If you have or have prepared historical cross section or time series data on Chile or methodological evaluations of these and would like to have them considered for inclusion in these volumes (which will be published by Greenwood Press) please write to or send the data to: Professor Markos Mamalakis, Bolton Hall 504, Department of Economics, University of Wisconsin-Milwaukee, Milwaukee, Wisconsin 53201. Contributions to the *Chilean Historical Statistics* will be fully acknowledged.
NOTES AND NEWS

AREA STUDIES AND OTHER ASSOCIATIONS

The CONFERENCE OF LATIN AMERICANIST GEOGRAPHERS (CLAG) announces its first call for papers to be presented at its 1978 annual meeting, which is to be held June 7-11 at Sonoma State College, Rohnert Park, California. The theme of the conference is "Field Work in Latin American Geography." Persons who wish to present papers should send short abstracts to Program Chairman Ernst Griffin, Department of Geography, San Diego State University, San Diego, California 92115 no later than March 1, 1978. Instructions for authors and information on accommodations and excursions to the nearby wine country are available in the September and subsequent quarterly issues of the CLAG Communication. For copies, contact Tom L. Martinson, Chairperson, Clag Board of Directors, Department of Geography and Geology, Ball State University, Muncie, Indiana 47306. Selected papers presented at the 1976 annual meeting of the Conference of Latin Americanist Geographers in El Paso, Texas, have now been edited and published by Gary Elbow and are available at $5.00 per copy. This is the seventh in the CLAG Proceedings series. Please order copies from Tom L. Martinson at the address above.

Subscriptions to Revista Iberoamericana, the journal of the INSTITUTO INTERNACIONAL DE LITERATURA IBEROAMERICANA are available through the Instituto's Executive Secretary-Treasurer. Subscription rates are Latin American, $10.00; Regular, $15.00; Member, $20.00; Patron $25.00. For complete subscription and membership information, write William J. Straub, Revista Iberoamericana, 1312 C.L., University of Pittsburgh, Pittsburgh, Pennsylvania 15260.

A panel on Latin American Elites will be presented at the MID-WEST POLITICAL SCIENCE ASSOCIATION meeting in Chicago, April 20-22, 1978. Persons interested in presenting papers, particularly focusing on a comparative analysis of elites from two or more countries, please contact Roderic A. Camp, Central College, Pella, Iowa 50219.

With the aid of a grant from the Tinker Foundation, The University of London will be the site of the Twenty-Third SEMINAR ON THE ACQUISITION OF LATIN AMERICAN LIBRARY MATERIALS (SALALM), July 16-21, 1978. The theme of the XXIII SALALM will be Latin American Studies in Europe and the U.S.A. Several speakers will be presenting working papers and information from the perspective of the British and European Latin Americanist responding to different forces in developing major repositories of library materials and serving scholars in their regions. Foreign participants will have the opportunity to become acquainted with the libraries of the University of London, the British Library, and other collections in the area. Registration for the XXIII Seminar is US$20.00 for members and US$30.00 for non-members. Students from all areas will be admitted free to the conference but must register and pay a fee of US$12.50 if they wish to have sets of the pre-printed papers and abstracts distributed at the meeting and the Final Report and Working Papers of the conference published afterwards by the SALALM Secretariat. Invitation and registration forms for the XXIII SALALM will be distributed soon. Information on the content of the program and working papers may be obtained from Prof. William V. Jackson, GSLS, University of Texas, Box 7576 University Station, Austin, Texas 78712. News on the local arrangements will be supplied by The Convenor, SALALM Steering Committee, 31 Tavistock Square, London WC1H 9HA, England. For other information refer to the Executive Secretary, Anne H. Jordan, Benson Latin American Collection, The University of Texas at Austin, Austin, Texas 78712.

CONFERENCES

The School of Public and Environmental Affairs and the Latin American Studies Program at Indiana University sponsored a conference on ADMINISTRATION FOR DEVELOPMENT in May, 1976. A copy of the principal presentations at the conference may be obtained by writing Professor Jack W. Hopkins, Director, International Program, School of Public and Environmental Affairs, Indiana University, Bloomington, Indiana 47401.
The FIRST MEXICAN–CENTRAL AMERICAN RESEARCH SYMPOSIUM ON WOMEN was held November 7-9, 1977, in Mexico City. Lourdes Arizpe served as general secretary of the organizing committee. Discussion and papers presented centered around the following main areas: women's participation in the labor force, women in society, and women's ideology and education. For further information, please address Dr. Arizpe at El Colegio de México, Camino al Ajusteco, No. 20, México 20, D.F., Mexico.

A conference on RECENT LATIN AMERICAN LITERATURE was held September 15-17, 1977 at Emporia State University, Kansas, sponsored by the Tri-University Center for Latin American Studies. Topics covered included theatre, contemporary poetry, Mexican literature, and Cuban poetry of exile. Information on papers presented may be obtained from the Tri-University Center for Latin American Studies, The University of Kansas, Lawrence, Kansas 66045.

The second encuentro cultural: NUEVO MEXICO–CHIHUAHUA was held in Albuquerque, New Mexico, October 26-29, 1977. The Encuentro was sponsored in Chihuahua by the Semenario de la Cultura and in New Mexico by the Historical Society of New Mexico, the Albuquerque Hispano Chamber of Commerce, and the Albuquerque Sister City organization. The program included tours of Indian and colonial sites, discussions of bicultural education and music and meetings with local public officials.

The third colloquium for philosophy teachers in central American universities was held in San José and Heredia, Costa Rica, on May 3-5, 1977. The state-supported universities of Guatemala, Honduras, Nicaragua, Costa Rica and Panama were officially represented by more than twenty delegates. Héctor Neri-Castañeda (USA), Adolfo Sánchez Vásquez, Leopoldo Zea, and José Luis Bárcenas (Mexico), and J.R. Núñez Tenorio (Venezuela) attended the Colloquium as special guests. There also were participants from the Federation of Central American Private Universities. In addition to examining the present situation of teaching philosophy in institutions of higher learning in the countries of the area, there were papers dealing with a broad variety of subjects, ranging from Mayan thought to Marxist aesthetics. The Colloquium, held under the auspices of the Central American Universities Council and organized by the University of Costa Rica and the National University of Heredia, focused on the socio-political problems of the region. Papers and official documents will be published in Revista de Filosofía de la Universidad de Costa Rica, №41.

Theoretical and Comparative Perspectives on Modernization and Development in Latin America were presented and discussed at a WORKSHOP ON MODERNIZATION AND DEVELOPMENT IN LATIN AMERICA sponsored by the Modernization and Development Research Unit of the Harry S. Truman Institute, The Hebrew University of Jerusalem, May 5-8, 1977. [For a concise review of Latin American Studies in Israel see H. Avni and Y. Shapira, "Teaching and Research on Latin America in Israel" Latin American Research Review, IX (Fall, 1974) 39-51]. Papers for the discussion were prepared by members of the Research Unit, the Department of Spanish and Latin American Studies, and the Department of Sociology. The Workshop was also sponsored by Bar-Ilan University's Department of Economics and the Hebrew University's Faculty of Agriculture and Department of Geography.

The research and preparation of the topics and papers took place over a three-year period under the general direction of Prof. S.N. Eisenstadt and Dr. R. Kahane of the Department of Sociology and the Unit of Modernization of the Truman Research Center of Hebrew University. In addition to the Israeli scholars, three outside scholars were invited to participate in the Workshop and assess the program and papers presented: Prof. Francois Bourricaud of the University of Paris, Prof. Emmanuel de Kadt of the University of Sussex, and Prof. Howard J. Wiarda of the University of Massachusetts.

The Workshop was divided into five sessions focused on the following topics: Elements of the Spanish Colonial Tradition; The University Tradition and Politics in Latin America; Political Processes, Elites, and Modernization; Socio-Economic Aspects of Development in Latin America; and Urbanization and its Socio-Economic Implications. A concluding panel was devoted to "Basic Patterns of Modernization in Latin America."
EMPLOYMENT

The UNIVERSITY OF ARIZONA announces an opening for the position of Assistant Director of the Latin American Area Center to begin July 1, 1978. Applicants from any Latin American Studies discipline will be considered. Fluency in both Spanish and Portuguese is required and some administrative experience desirable. Although the position is at the beginning level, applicants without the Ph.D. in hand cannot be considered. The University of Arizona is an Equal Opportunity/Affirmative Action Title IX/Section 504 employer. A curriculum vitae should be sent to: Michael C. Meyer, Latin American Area Center, Liberal Arts 216, University of Arizona, Tucson, Arizona 85721.

The Political Science Department of the UNIVERSITY OF WISCONSIN—MILWAUKEE is currently seeking authorization for a one year appointment beginning Fall, 1978, with a strong possibility for extension through the 1979–80 academic year. Rank of visiting Assistant Professor or visiting Associate Professor with salary range of $14,000–$20,000 is being considered. Candidates must have completed the Ph.D. prior to September, 1978, and have a solid general knowledge of Latin American politics and comparative politics. Applicants should also be qualified to offer introductory or advanced undergraduate courses in either public administration (with a U.S. emphasis) or international relations. Equal Opportunity/Affirmative Action Employer. Applicants should send resume and list of references to: Mark Tessier, Chairman, Department of Political Science, University of Wisconsin—Milwaukee, Milwaukee, Wisconsin 53201.

EMPLOYMENT SOLICITED

CYRIAC THANNIKARY is seeking a position in the administration of a world-wide technical and educational program in an organization with an international commitment. He has wide experience in the personnel and fiscal management of such programs. For a resume and list of references, please contact him at 42–55 Golden Street, Flushing, New York 11355.

FELLOWSHIPS AND GRANTS

The BANCO DO NORDESTE DO BRASIL has a fellowship program that provides foreign Ph.D. candidates with an opportunity to complete their research work and prepare dissertations on a topic related to the development problems of Northeast Brazil. The program includes provision of office space, travel expenses related to research and other assistance to the extent allowed by its staff resources. The fellowship program is to be carried out in close cooperation with the candidate's advisor.

Requirements include: A letter from the applicant's University, stating that the applicant has fulfilled requirements and qualifying examinations for a Ph.D. degree; a letter from the applicant's advisor approving the outline of the dissertation to be presented; an outline of the dissertation, in triplicate; a completed and signed application form; and a certificate of proficiency in Portuguese or Spanish, provided by the appropriate Department of the applicant's University.

A fellowship award will provide the participant with a monthly supplement in Brazilian cruzeiros up to the equivalent of US$600.00, or a monthly stipend in Brazilian cruzeiros of US$600.00, if the participant does not have an award from other sources. Allowances for dependents, in Brazilian cruzeiros, are US$150.00 for an accompanying spouse and US$75.00 for each child, to a maximum of two. The award will also pay the transportation costs for the participant, spouse and two children from the participant's University to Fortaleza, Recife, or Salvador, and return.

Candidates will be selected by a Committee composed of qualified senior officers of the Bank. In all cases, the Bank reserves the right to give final approval. Health and accident insurance for the participant, spouse and children, will be provided by the Bank at values current for staff members. Both the fellowship and insurance policy will not exceed eighteen months. Applications and further information may be obtained by writing: Banco do Nordeste do Brasil, S.A., Fellowship Program, ETNE, Caixa Postal 628, 60 000 Fortaleza, Ceará, Brasil.
With a grant from the Ford Foundation, the FUNDAÇÃO CARLOS CHAGAS has established a program to support research on women. Grants of up to US$8,000.00 will be awarded to projects selected from among those submitted by February 20, 1978. The competition is open to any disciplinary area: sociology, psychology, economy, education, law, history, anthropology. Researchers must be Brazilian residents, even if temporarily studying abroad. For information write to: Fundação Carlos Chagas (Pesquisa sobre Mulher), Departamento de Pesquisas Educacionais, Rua Cardenal Arcoverde, 1.847--Pinheiros, 05407--São Paulo-SP, Brazil.


FILM

The Latin American Studies Program at the UNIVERSITY OF CALIFORNIA, RIVERSIDE, has published three booklets in the area of film and history. All three are based on courses offered by Leon Campbell and Carlos Cortês of the UCR Department of History and include essays on the use of film in the classroom, descriptions of the courses, and exemplary student essays from the courses. The booklets, which sell for $2.00 each, are: Latin America: A Filmic Approach; A Filmic Approach to the Study of Historical Dilemmas; Film as a Revolutionary Weapon: A Pedagogical Analysis. To obtain more information, contact the Latin American Studies Program, University of California, Riverside, Riverside, California 92502.

FOREIGN SCHOLARS IN RESIDENCE

The following visiting lecturer and research scholars are in U.S. residence during the 1977-1978 academic year. The Council for International Exchange of Scholars (CIES), which administers the Fulbright-Hays Program for the Department of State, encourages interested U.S. institutions and organizations to invite these scholars to participate in conferences or present occasional lectures. Limited funds, in addition to the per diem stipend provided under the grant, are available to each scholar for such professional purposes. For further information, please contact Robert Burnett, Program Officer, CIES, Eleven Dupont Circle, Washington, D.C. 20036. (Phone: (202) 833-4957).

Argentina

ALLUÉ, Leopoldo (Dr.) January 18-May 19, 1978
Professor of Methodology and Research Design
Political and Social Thought
National University of San Juan
San Juan, Argentina

Lecturing
Indiana University of Pennsylvania, Indiana, Pennsylvania

CORVALÁN, Octavio (Dr.) January 10-May 15, 1978
Professor of Latin American Literature
Faculty of Philosophy and Letters
University of Tucumán
San Miguel de Tucumán, Argentina

Lecturing
Trinity University, San Antonio, Texas

NUDLER, Oscar (Dr.) December 1, 1977-March 1, 1978
Associate Professor, Department of Social Sciences
Bariloche Foundation
San Carlos de Bariloche, Argentina

Research
Harvard University

SAUBIDET, Eduardo H. Guillermo (Mr.) March 28-1977-March 20, 1978 Research
Director and Professor, Caracú Puppet Theater
Buenos Aires, Argentina

Research
Portland State University
Portland, Oregon
Brazil

CAMARGO BIDERMAN, Maria Tereza (Dr.) October 15, 1977-June 30, 1978
Chairman, Romance Linguistics
School of Philosophy
Universidade Estadual Paulista (Marília)
Marília, S.P., Brazil

DE CAMPOS, Haroldo (Dr.) January 12, 1978-May 22, 1978
Professor of Literature, Post Graduate Center
Catholic Pontifical University of São Paulo
São Paulo, Brazil

GEMAL, José Alberto (Mr.) September 1, 1977-June 30, 1978
Head, Urban and Regional Planning Sector
Organização e Planejamento, Ltd. (ORPLAN)
Rio de Janeiro, Brazil

MARCILIO, Maria Luiza (Dr.) September 14, 1977-March 31, 1978
Vice Dean, Faculty of Philosophy of Assis
São Paulo, Brazil

OZORIO DE ALMEIDA, Anna Luiza (Dr.) January 1, 1978-June 30, 1978
Research Economist, Institute for Economic and Social Research
Planning Office of the Presidency of the Republic
Rio de Janeiro, Brazil

SOUZA E SILVA, Luiz Alberto (Mr.) September 10, 1976-January 10, 1978
Professor, English and American Literature
Faculty of Philosophy, Science, and Letters
Nóvo Iguaçu, Brazil

Chile

MORGADO, Fernando (Dr.) January 1, 1977-June 30, 1978
Vice Rector for Research
Austral University
Valdivia, Chile

QUIROS Varela, Luis (Dr.) June, 1977-May 15, 1978
Professor, Institute of Political Science
Catholic University of Chile
Casilla 114-D
Santiago, Chile

VON DEM BUSSCHE, Gaston (Mr.) January 1, 1978-April 15, 1978
Professor, Latin American Literature
Santiago, Chile

Colombia

MURILLO CASTAN, Gabriel (Mr.) January 1, 1978-May 31, 1978
Professor, Political Science
University of the Andes
Bogotá, Colombia

Research
New York University

Lecturing
Yale University

Research
University of Pennsylvania

Lecturing
University of California, Berkeley

Lecturing
Stanford University

Research
Brown University, Providence, Rhode Island

Lecturing
Western Kentucky University, Bowling Green

Lecturing
University of Kentucky, Lexington

Lecturing
Barnard College, Columbia University

Lecturing
University of Texas, San Antonio
Ecuador

SANDOVAL, Orlando (Dr.) September 20, 1977-February 1, 1978
Dean of Academic Coordination
Professor of Political Science
Catholic University
Quito, Ecuador

Lecturing/Research
University of Nebraska, Lincoln

Jamaica

DRAYTON, Arthur Daniel (Dr.) August 22, 1977-December 23, 1977
Dean, Faculty of Arts and General Studies
University of the West Indies
Mona, Kingston 7, Jamaica

Lecturing
University of Kansas

Mexico

ARIZPE Schlosser, Lourdes (Dr.) January 25, 1978-June 1, 1978
Academic Coordinator, Center for Sociological Studies
El Colegio de México
Mexico City, Mexico

Lecturing
Rutgers University

CÁMARA BARRACHANO, Fernando (Dr.) January 20, 1978-May 30, 1978
Assistant Director, National Institute of Anthropology and History
Mexico City, Mexico

Lecturing
Brandeis University

OJEDA Gómez, Mario (Dr.) January 1, 1978-May 20, 1978
Secretary General, El Colegio de México
Mexico City, Mexico

Lecturing
Massachusetts Institute of Technology

RAMÍREZ Gómez, José Agustín (Mr.) January 1-March 15, 1978
Scriptwriter and Novelist
Mexico City, Mexico

Lecturing
University of Denver

WARMAN, Arturo (Dr.) January 1, 1978-June 30, 1978
Professor, Universidad Iberoamericana
Mexico City, Mexico

Lecturing
Johns Hopkins University, Baltimore

Peru

PISCOYA, Luís Adolfo (Dr.) September 26, 1977-January 25, 1978
Associate Professor, Department of Philosophy
National University of San Marcos
Lima, Peru

Research
Stanford University

SHADY, Ruth Martha (Dr.) February 1-30, 1978
Director of Research Projects
National Museum of Anthropology and Archaeology
Lima, Peru

Research
Museum of Natural History, Smithsonian Institution

Venezuela

RAMA, Angel (Mr.) June 19-August 15, 1978
Professor, Latin American Literature
School of Letters
Universidad Central de Venezuela
Caracas, Venezuela

Lecturing
University of Florida
FORTHCOMING CONFERENCES

The Second Annual Symposium on AMAZONIA: EXTINCTION OR SURVIVAL? will be held at the University of Wisconsin, Madison, on April 18-22, 1978. The symposium will focus attention on the impact of development of tropical South America and will concentrate on specific problems in Ecuador, Bolivia, Colombia, Venezuela and Peru. There will be invited speakers from each of the countries as well as representatives from religious, business, development, government and Native American groups who, directly or indirectly, are influencing or being influenced by the course of development in the Amazon. The program will consist of lectures, workshops, and round-table discussions which are designed to promote a high degree of discussion and exchange of ideas between participants. For further information, contact the Amazonia Symposium Committee, Department of Anthropology, 5240 Social Science Building, University of Wisconsin, Madison, Wisconsin 53706. (Telephone: 608-263-2298)

A conference on ATTITUINAL AND BEHAVIORAL CHANGES IN RURAL LIFE is to be held at the University of Nebraska, Lincoln, April 13-15, 1978. The conference will focus jointly on Latin America and Eastern Europe and will meet in conjunction with the Commission on Rural Development of the International Geographic Union. Themes of the meeting, broadly defined, will examine changes in the peasant's relationship to land, family, work unit, place of residence, and political environment. Persons interested in participating should write to: William P. Avery, Department of Political Science, University of Nebraska, Lincoln, Nebraska 68588 or telephone (402) 472-3214.

The FIRST NEW WORLD FESTIVAL OF THE AFRICAN DIASPORA USA/BRASIL will be held in Salvador da Bahia and Rio de Janeiro August 7-17, 1978. The Center for African and African-American Studies will select and present outstanding representative cultural groups from Black America and Brazil. Music, the dance, the fine and applied arts, will all be explored. For further information, please contact Professor Richard Long of Atlanta University. For travel information and information on group travel, please contact Henderson Travel Service, 931 Martin Luther King, Jr., Drive N.E., Atlanta, Georgia 30314.

The fifth meeting of EUROPEAN LATIN AMERICANIST HISTORIANS will be held May 27-29, 1978, on the campus of Nicholas Copernicus University in Torun-Bielany, Poland. The general theme of the conference is "The Image of Latin America in Europe in the Nineteenth and Twentieth Centuries". For further information, write the conference secretary, Dr. Ryszard Stemplowski, Instytut Historii PAN, Rynek St. Miasta 29/31, 00-272 Warsaw, Poland.

A conference on LATIN ROOTS AND THE BUILT ENVIRONMENT will be held April 19-22, 1978, at the Monteleone Hotel, Vieux Carré (French Quarter), New Orleans, Louisiana. It will be sponsored by the Vieux Carré Commission of New Orleans, the National Endowment for the Arts, and the National Register of Historic Places (Dept. of the Interior). This action-oriented conference, the first of its type, will examine a wide range of themes including traditional and contemporary relationships between Latino culture and urban space and design; the enhancement of historic resources important to Latino identity, the formal and vernacular environmental arts in the Caribbean, Gulf Coast, and Southwest; the impact of migration on cities; and the role of neighborhood action in community revitalization. Participation is open to planners, architects, local activists, historians, art historians, anthropologists, sociologists, muralists, public officials at all levels, and other interested Latinamericanists, urbanists, and citizens. Registration is limited to 250 persons. For further information, please contact Ms. Lynda C. Friedmann, Director, Vieux Carré Commission, 630 Chartres Street, New Orleans, Louisiana 70130 or call (504) 586-4682.

August 31-September 2, 1978 the MEDITERRANEAN III CONFERENCE will be held at the Pueblo Español in Barcelona, with Iberian and Catalán focus. Papers in all disciplines are encouraged. For further information contact Norman Holub, Department of History, Dowling College, Oakdale, New York 11769.
A LASA/CLASP Professional Workshop on ORAL HISTORY FOR LATIN AMERICANISTS is scheduled to be held in June, 1978. The workshop is designed to assist scholars interested in incorporating oral history techniques into their research in Latin America. For further information contact George P. Browne, Department of History, Seton Hall University, South Orange, New Jersey 07079 or Susan Benson, Division of Cultural Affairs, Organization of American States, Washington, D.C. 20006

The third SYMPOSIUM ON AFRO-HISPANIC LITERATURE, co-sponsored by the Humanities Division of Medgar Evers College, CUNY, and the Center for Inter-American Relations will be held at the Center (680 Park Avenue, New York, New York) on Friday, June 16, 1978. Original papers (not previously presented, published, or accepted for publication) are being solicited by the coordinators of the Symposium, Clementine Rabassa and Gladys Seda-Rodriguez. Papers on pertinent topics, including Afro-Luso-Brazilian themes, should be eight to ten pages in length (approximately fifteen minutes delivery time), accompanied by an abstract of one page and stamped return envelope. Correspondence and papers should be directed to either coordinator and sent to: Humanities Division, Medgar Evers College, 1150 Carroll Street, Brooklyn, New York 11225. The deadline for papers is April 15, 1978.

INSTITUTIONAL

Dr. Gene Martin, formerly Chairman of the Department of Geography at the University of Oregon, has succeeded Dr. Hugh G. Campbell as Coordinator of the Latin American Studies Program at CALIFORNIA STATE UNIVERSITY, CHICO.

THE CENTER FOR INTERNATIONAL POLICY announces publication of the following dealing with Latin American Issues:

Human Rights and the U.S. Foreign Assistance Program, Fiscal Year 1978, Part 1, Latin America (Argentina, Brazil, Chile, Nicaragua), $2.50. Orders of more than 10, $2.00 each.

Toward Detente with Cuba, Issues and Obstacles by Patricia Weiss Fagen, $1.00

The Center is a non-Government, non-profit organization engaged in research, analysis and public education on U.S. foreign policy and human rights. Write to CIF, 120 Maryland Avenue, N.E., Washington, D.C. 20002.

DOWLING COLLEGE and the ROYAL UNIVERSITY OF MALTA announce the publication of Contributions to Mediterranean Studies, a volume of 23 articles focusing primarily on Iberian and Maltese topics. The volume contains papers delivered at the Mediterranean II Symposium in Malta, June, 1976, which was organized and co-directed by Professor Norman Holub (Dowling) and Mario Vassallo (R.U.M.). Only a limited number of copies are available. Please send a check for $34.00 to Dowling College, Oakdale, New York 11769, attention: Norman Holub, when ordering.

The DUKE UNIVERSITY Center for International Studies Occasional Papers Series announces a new publication: The Intercultural Traveler: A Teacher's Guide, Marion C. Salinger ed. Occasional Paper No. 4. $2.00. It is a handbook for teachers and students going abroad, including suggestions for developing and organizing depth perceptions of another culture.

The School of Public and Environmental Affairs of INDIANA UNIVERSITY and the Instituto de Estudios Superiores de Administración of Caracas, Venezuela, have expanded the cooperative relationship which was established in 1973. The institutions are now jointly offering periodic graduate courses in Caracas in public administration, municipal finance and environmental quality management, and new courses are planned in the areas of solid waste collection, preservation of natural resources, and park administration. For further information, contact Professor Juan Bustillo, Instituto de Estudios Superiores de Administración, Apartado 13455, Caracas, Venezuela, or Professor Jack W. Hopkins, School of Public and Environmental Affairs, Indiana University, Bloomington, Indiana 47401.

The INTER AMERICAN INSTITUTE OF PUERTO RICO announces that it will again offer six undergraduate and two graduate courses on Caribbean subjects in the Caribbean, plus beginning,
intermediate and Advanced Spanish, during the summer of 1978 as follows:

Introduction to the Caribbean and Contemporary Puerto Rico, concurrently in Puerto Rico, June 8-28, 1978;
The Hispanic Caribbean, one week each in Puerto Rico, the Dominican Republic and Cuba, June 29-July 19, 1978;
Comparative Caribbean Cultures, one week each in the Dominican Republic, Haiti and Jamaica, July 13-August 2, 1978;
The Commonwealth Caribbean, Jamaica or Barbados, August 3-23, 1978;
Caribbean Dependency Patterns, Puerto Rico, the U.S. and British Virgin Islands, Antigua, Guadeloupe and St. Martin/Sint Maarten, August 3-23, 1977.

Caribbean Seminar (2), graduate level, study plan open.

These courses offer three credits each, and up to 12 credits may be taken in one summer. They may also be monitored non-credit. Students may participate on an individual basis, or as part of a class sent by a cooperating U.S. college or university. Costs vary from $600 to $950 per course, depending upon the course and the U.S. city of origin. Costs are all-inclusive except for passports (where required) and spending money. Instruction is in English by local Caribbean faculty. For further information, write to the Inter American Institute, El Monte Apartments B 732, Hato Rey, Puerto Rico 00918 or call (809) 763-2409.

The Student Guide to Latin America was researched for the COUNCIL ON INTERNATIONAL EDUCATIONAL EXCHANGE by students who travelled throughout Latin America. Each chapter focuses on a different country with listings for food, lodging, and activities. Also included are a brief historical sketch of the country, information on money, health and visas, and travel, 342 pp. $2.95. For copies, write to the Council on International Educational Exchange, 777 United Nations Plaza, New York, New York 10017, or 236 North Santa Cruz, Suite 314, Los Gatos, California 95030.

Study in the American Republics Area is the second volume in the INTERNATIONAL INSTITUTE OF EDUCATION'S Handbook for International Study for U.S. Nationals. Designed for those interested in higher education in South and Central America, Mexico, Bermuda and the Caribbean, the guide includes information on educational systems, universities and postsecondary institutions, exchange programs, and government regulations. It is available in cloth ($12.00) or paper ($6.95) from the Institute of International Education, Counseling and Correspondence Division, 809 United Nations Plaza, New York, New York 10017.

The Institute of Latin American Studies at LA TROBE UNIVERSITY announces the publication of Occasional Paper No. 1, by Jim Levy, Juana Manso—Argentine Feminist. The cost of the publication is US$1, including postage. Order from the Secretary, Institute of Latin American Studies, La Trobe University, Bundooma, Victoria, 3083, Australia.

Professor Juan E. Corradi has finished his term as Director of the Center for Latin American and Caribbean Studies at NEW YORK UNIVERSITY. He will be replaced by Professor John Fagg.

The Center also announces No. 26 in its Occasional Papers Series, Invisible Walls: Jewish Residential Patterns in Gran Buenos Aires: 1890-1947, by Eugene Sofer.

The Centre for Latin American Studies, UNIVERSITY OF LIVERPOOL, announces the publication of Silver Mines and Silver in Colonial Peru, 1776-1824 by J.R. Fisher (£2.75 postpaid). This is the seventh in its monograph series. For information on other monographs and on purchase, please write: Secretary, Centre for Latin American Studies, P.O. Box 147, Liverpool L69 3BX, England.

The UNIVERSITY OF MASSACHUSETTS announces the publication of Nos. 3, 4, 5, and 6 of the Program in Latin American Studies' Series of Occasional Papers: Robert Potash's study of "The Impact of Professionalism on the Twentieth Century Argentine Military;" José Enrique Mígues' essay on "The Emergence of Nationalist Ideologies in Latin American and the Foreign Policy of the United States;" Anthony Leeds' study of "Brazil as a System;" and Rose Marie
Murano's investigation of "Women in Latin America: Phases of Integration." If you require copies for personal use or for your library, please send your request to Howard J. Wiarda, Chairman, Program in Latin American Studies, Thompson Tower, University of Massachusetts, Amherst, Amherst, Massachusetts 01003.

A summer seminar on "Recent Historiographical Trends in the Study of Modern Latin America," will be sponsored jointly by the NATIONAL ENDOWMENT FOR THE HUMANITIES and STANFORD UNIVERSITY. The seminar will be under the direction of John J. Johnson, Professor of History, and will run from June 21 through August 15, 1978. Enrollment will be limited to twelve experienced college teachers of history and related disciplines associated with undergraduate colleges, universities, and/or junior and community colleges. Each member of the seminar will receive a stipend of $2,500 for a tenure of two months. For further details write James H. Jones, Division of Fellowship, National Endowment for the Humanities, Washington, D.C. 20506, or John J. Johnson, Department of History, Stanford University, Stanford, California 94305.

The Lyndon B. Johnson School of Public Affairs at the UNIVERSITY OF TEXAS AT AUSTIN has been selected by the U.S. State Department as the locus for a new mid-career development program for Latin American professionals and managers. The non-degree program to be initiated for the 1978-79 academic year will be known as the Fulbright-LBJ Program for Visiting Fellows. The program is sponsored by the State Department's Bureau of Educational and Cultural Affairs under the authority of the Fulbright-Hays Act of 1961. Funds will be provided by the State Department and the Latin American agency from which each Fellow comes. Ten promising Latin American professionals and managers now at mid-point in their careers in government, education, journalism, business or other areas will be selected to spend nine months at UT-Austin pursuing graduate-level studies in the areas of their interest. This program is only the second of its kind formed to enhance the skills of Latin Americans who bear promise of future leadership in their countries. Since 1975, the State Department has sponsored a similar program at the Fletcher School of Law and Diplomacy at Tufts University.

The University of Texas at Austin has made the following appointments to the Edward Larocque Tinker Chair in Latin American Studies for 1977-78: Named for the 1977 fall semester is Fernando de Szyssel, a noted Peruvian artist who teaches at the Catholic University of Lima. Holding the appointment in the 1978 spring semester will be Josefina Loraida Vázquez, a scholar of Latin American history who is director of the Center for Historical Studies at El Colegio de México.

The College of Fine and Applied Arts at the UNIVERSITY OF TEXAS AT SAN ANTONIO announces the establishment of the Research Center for the Arts, under the direction of Jacinto Quirarte, Dean of the College. Judith Berg Sobrón (art history) and Michael Fink (musicology) are faculty associates connected with the Center, and Elizabeth Hill Boone (art history) is research associate. The Center's activities encompass the visual and performing arts, art and architectural history, art criticism, and musicology. A primary focus of the Center is on the latter disciplines with special reference to the study of Iberian and Inter-American arts. Among the goals of the Center are to provide assistance to faculty, students, and others interested in pursuing research and further studies, and to make available general information on the arts of Spain, Portugal, and the Americas. In the next several years the Center will compile and disseminate information on current research, scholars working in the field, sources of funding for research, university programs awarding degrees for the study of these arts, and learned societies that have sponsored symposia, papers or publications concerning these arts. At a future date the Center will compile bibliographies dealing with Iberian and Inter-American arts and will identify those private and public collections in which these arts are represented. A major goal of the Center is the identification of those areas in the study of Iberian and Inter-American art and music in which further research is needed. To this end, the Center plans to organize a series of conferences that will establish the states of disciplines of art history and musicology in relation to the study of these areas and focus on particular issues pertaining to Iberia and Interamerica. Inquiries concerning the Research Center for the Arts may be addressed to: Elizabeth Boone, Research Associate, Research Center for the Arts,
INTERNATIONAL

The AMIGOS BIBLIOGRAPHIC COUNCIL has completed work on a contract with the Organization of American States under which the southwestern library network provided technical assistance to the University of Costa Rica. AMIGOS staff visited the Costa Rican University on two occasions, where plans for the development of a centralized cataloging facility, the Centro Catalográfico Centroamericano, were studied and evaluated. The purpose of the project was to assist in the initial phases of operation of the Center and conduct a study of automation alternatives. James Kennedy, AMIGOS Executive Director, served as Project Director and AMIGOS staffer Lou Wetherbee was the Principal Project Investigator.

The Organization of American States also funded a project for AMIGOS in Dallas to assist the Colombian Institute for the Promotion of Higher Education (ICFES) in the development of an automated national bibliographic network. AMIGOS hosted Colombian librarians and systems engineers October 11-13, before a month-long tour of U.S., Canadian, and Mexican library automation systems. Lou Wetherbee of the AMIGOS staff accompanied the group as they visited various library systems. At the conclusion of the tour, a meeting was held in Washington, D.C., where the Colombians charted concrete plans for their own national library network. They were assisted in this endeavor by the AMIGOS team, staff members of the Library Development Program of the Organization of American States and by invited library automation and network experts.

The CANADIAN ASSOCIATION FOR LATIN AMERICA has published a second edition of its useful directory, "Glossary of Institutions Concerned with Latin America." It is available at a cost of US$10.00 from The Information Centre, Canadian Association for Latin America, 42 Charles Street East, Toronto, Canada M4Y 1T4.

The U.S. Agency for International Development (AID) has recently published an INTERNATIONAL DIRECTORY OF WOMEN'S DEVELOPMENT ORGANIZATIONS, based upon information collected in 1975 from organizations all over the world. The Directory is broken down into Local and National Women's Organizations by country, International Women's Organizations, and International Resources. For further information, address Arvonne Fraser, Coordinator, Women in Development, AID, Washington, D.C. 20523.

Research papers, master's theses, seminar papers, journal articles and books on rural development and agricultural economics in Latin America may be submitted to the CENTRO DE ECONOMIA AGRICOLA Y DESAROLLO RURAL LATINOAMERICANO (CEDEAL) organized by the Inter-American Center for Tropical Agriculture (CIAT) in Palmira, Colombia. The material will be reviewed by staff of the information network for possible insertion into the system. A monthly mailing of citations in these areas and containing a brief abstract of each piece is made to all subscribers to CEDEAL. Material is also issued as a complete volume each year. A further service of CEDEAL is inexpensive photoduplication of any material received and included in the CEDEAL collection, as well as a search of materials specified by a client. Please mail material or inquiries to Steffen W. Schmidt, Associate Professor, Department of Political Science, Iowa State University, Ames, Iowa 50011 or directly to CIAT.

JOURNALS AND NEWSLETTERS

The JOURNAL OF LATIN AMERICAN LORE is a new journal devoted to non-institutionalized knowledge. It emphasizes the symbolic value and connotative meaning of all Latin American cultural manifestations regardless of time depth, ethnic origin, or level of development. For subscription information, contact UCLA Latin American Center, University of California, Los Angeles, Los Angeles, California 90024.

LATIN AMERICAN PERSPECTIVES is soliciting manuscripts for its "Africa and Latin America: Imperialism and Revolution" issue. The publication is planned in four general areas: an overview including interpretive articles on internal and external similarities; the growth
and development of revolutionary popular states and prospects for the future; imperialism as it affects each continent; and a section of other issues, including specific topics, theoretical studies, or new considerations. Deadline for submissions is February 1, 1978. For a complete prospectus, contact Ronald H. Chilcote, Managing Editor, Latin American Perspectives, P.O. Box 5703, Riverside, California 92507.

MANUSCRIPTS SOLICITED

The INSTITUTE FOR THE STUDY OF HUMAN ISSUES announces the establishment of the ISHI Occasional Papers in Social Change under the editorship of Joel M. Jutkowitz, Nita R. Manitzas, Henry A. Selby, and John Szwed. The ISHI Occasional Papers in Social Change are designed to disseminate new ideas about macro-social alterations in institutions, beliefs, and behavior. The series includes papers that report new research findings as well as theoretical discussions. The editors' aim is to provide a forum for approaches to social change that challenge conventional scholarly wisdom by avoiding narrowly deterministic analyses. The first two papers in the series are: Kalman H. Silvert and Joel M. Jutkowitz, Education, Values and the Possibilities for Social Change in Chile and Sidney W. Mintz and Richard Price, An Anthropological Approach to the Afro-American Past: A Caribbean Perspective. The editors invite the submission of suitable manuscripts for their consideration. Papers should be no longer than 120 double-spaced pages. Manuscripts should be sent to: The Editors, ISHI Occasional Papers in Social Change, Institute for the Study of Human Issues, 3401 Market Street, Suite 252, Philadelphia, Pennsylvania 19104.

PERSONAL

MARVIN ALISKY, professor of political science at Arizona State University, lectured on public administration's need for public relations for the U.S. Information Service at universities and binational centers in Lima, Cuzco, and Arequipa. He did summer research in Peru for a book to be published by Scarecrow Press in 1978. Upon his return to ASU, he did two TV programs on South America in a mini-documentary form for Channel 5 Phoenix.

JIM BROKE has prepared a critique of U.S. news magazines' coverage of the Allende government and a Yale senior essay, "Information Control in Contemporary Brazil," a study of press censorship. For further information, contact him at 83 Main Street, Lennox, Massachusetts 01240.

ALBERTO CIRIA has been promoted to Professor of Political Science, Simon Fraser University, as of July 1, 1977.

JUAN E. CORRADI will be doing research on ideology and social movements at the Centre d'Etudes des Mouvements Sociaux, in Paris, during the calendar year 1978. His project, entitled "The Social Production of Texts," is supported by a fellowship from the Tinker Foundation. He will also organize the sessions on the Sociology of Knowledge at the IX World Congress of Sociology, in Upssala, Sweden, August 14-19, 1978. He also collaborated with JUNE NASH and HOBART SPALDING, JR. in publishing Ideology and Social Change in Latin America (New York and London: Gordon & Breach Science Publishers, 1977).

WILLIAM P. GLADE, director of the Institute of Latin American Studies at the University of Texas at Austin, has been elected to membership on the Council for International Exchange of Scholars (CIES).

RICHARD GRAHAM, professor of history, University of Texas at Austin, has published "Government Expenditures and Political Change in Brazil, 1880-1899," in the Journal of Inter-American and World Affairs.

JACK W. HOPKINS, Professor of Public and Environmental Affairs at Indiana University, Bloomington, spent August, 1977, on a lecture tour in Chile, Argentina, Uruguay, Venezuela, and El Salvador, speaking on the subject of the Carter administration and its foreign policy. The trip was sponsored by the U.S. Department of State and the U.S. Information Agency.
S.B. JONES-HENDRICKSON, Coordinator of the Social Research Center, Caribbean Research Institute and Assistant Professor of Economics, College of the Virgin Islands, presented a co-authored paper (with Dr. Compton Bourne) at the 33rd Annual Congress of the International Institute of Public Finance, in Pärnu, Bulgaria, September 5-9. The paper was entitled "Taxes, Subsidies and Public Policy: The Developmental Aspects."

FRANKLIN and BETTY PARKER have published Education in Puerto Rico and of Puerto Ricans in the U.S.A.; Bibliography with Abstracts of U.S.A. Doctoral Dissertations. It is available from Inter-American University Press of Puerto Rico, GPO Box 3255, San Juan, Puerto Rico 00936.

JOAQUÍN ROY, foreign languages, University of Miami, read a paper entitled "Latin American Writers and the U.S. Bicentennial" at the "Recent Latin American Literature" Conference held September 15-17, 1977 at Emporia State University, Emporia, Kansas and reported on a study undertaken during his four-month research trip to nine Latin American countries, under the partial sponsorship of a fellowship granted by the Organization of American States. He has also been elected Secretary of the Spanish American Literature Section, South Atlantic Modern Language Association.

HEWSON A. RYAN was appointed Edward R. Murrow Professor of Public Diplomacy at the Fletcher School of Law and Diplomacy, Tufts University, effective September 1, 1977.

### REGIONAL

**Kenneth J. Grieb**
Regional Newsletter Coordinator

<table>
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<tr>
<th>REGIONAL MEETINGS</th>
<th>1977</th>
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<tr>
<td>NCCLA (North Central)</td>
<td>Oct. 7-8</td>
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<td>1st or 2nd week of October &amp; 1st or 2nd week of April</td>
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<td>NECLAS (New England)</td>
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<td>NYSLA (New York State)</td>
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<td>PCCLAS (Pacific Coast)</td>
<td>Oct. 20-22</td>
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<td>RMCLAS (Rocky Mountain)</td>
<td>April 27-29</td>
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<td>SCOLAS (Southwestern)</td>
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<td>LASA</td>
<td>Nov. 2-5</td>
<td>April 5-7</td>
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MALAS

Officers for 1977-78 are President, Max Manwaring, Memphis State University; Vice President, Betty Tyree Osiek, Southern Illinois University-Edwardsville; Secretary-Treasurer, Eric A. Wagner, Ohio University; Newsletter Editor, Kenneth J. Grieb, University of Wisconsin-Oshkosh; and Program Chairman, Alberto Pinelo, Northern Kentucky University. The Executive Committee is completed by the Immediate Past President, Robert Gilmore, University of Kansas. MALAS will next assemble in Cincinnati October 26-28, 1978. The program theme will be "The Impact of Multi-National Corporations on Latin America", with the Latin Americanists of the greater Cincinnati area serving as hosts. The 1979 MALAS meeting will be held October 12-14, 1979, at Michigan State University. The program theme will be "Population Growth and the March to the Cities."

NCCLA

The fall meeting of the North Central Council of Latin Americanists was held October 7-8, 1977, at the University of Wisconsin-Eau Claire. The spring meeting will be held April 7-8 at the University of Wisconsin-Green Bay. Central College, Pella, Iowa, will host the fall, 1978 meeting.

The North Central Council continues its program of offering grants to secondary school teachers wishing to travel to Latin America as well as for curriculum innovation at the secondary school level. It is also continuing, by arrangement with the University of Wisconsin-Milwaukee, to arrange for the publication by the center of a paper selected from the two annual meetings of NCCLA each year. Officers for 1977-78 are President, John J. Harrigan, Hamline University; Vice President, John Fishel, University of Wisconsin-La Crosse; Secretary-Treasurer, Rodolfo Cortina, University of Wisconsin-Milwaukee; Past President, Clarence Zuvekas, Annandale, Virginia 55104; Program Chairman, Dale Peterson, Minnesota State University-St. Cloud; Committee Chairman, Roberto Assardo, University of Wisconsin-Stevens Point; and Nominations Chairman, Lenor Andrade, Mount Mary College.

NECLAS

Boston University was the site of the annual meeting of the New England Council of Latin American Studies, which assembled for a one-day meeting October 15. Sessions dealt with a broad range of topics including culture, labor, health care, population, economics, and history. Officers for 1977-78 include President, Howard J. Wiarda, University of Massachusetts-Amherst; Vice President, Richard M. Morse, Yale University; and Secretary-Treasurer, Joseph T. Criscenti, Boston College. NECLAS continues its efforts to arrange a special tour to Cuba for interested Latin Americanists, and reports considerable progress. Efforts will be made to conduct the tour during the summer of 1978. Interested parties should contact the Secretary-Treasurer for further information. In addition, NECLAS and the New York State Latin Americanists have arranged an interchange of panels, during 1977 and 1978, with each association assuming responsibility for arranging a panel at the other's annual meeting.

NYSAL

April 7-8, 1978 are the dates for the annual meeting of the New York State Latin Americanists. The sessions will be held in the Center of Inter-American Relations in New York City, with the program theme focusing on "The Latin American City". NYSAL last assembled April 15-16, 1976, at the State University of Albany Campus.

Officers for 1977-78 include President, Diana Belmori, State University College at Oswego; Executive Secretary-Treasurer, Warren Fish, State University College at New Paltz; and Newsletter Editor, Bernard Ansel, State University College at Buffalo. Additional members of the Executive Committee include Frank Carrino, SUNY/Albany; Julio Fernandez, SUNY/Cortland; Jeanine Swift, Hofstra University; and Warren Barbour, SUNY/Buffalo.
The Rocky Mountain Council for Latin American Studies will next assemble during the last weekend of April or the first weekend in May, 1978, at the University of Montana. Officers for 1977-78 are President, Stanley Rose, University of Montana; Vice President, Robert Peterson, University of Texas at El Paso; Secretary-Treasurer, Phil Kelley, Adams State University; and, Newsletter Editor, Edward Barry, Montana State University.

February 27-28, 1978, are the dates for the annual meeting of the Southwestern Council of Latin American Studies. The sessions will be held at Texas A&M University, in College Station. Panels on a broad range of topics and disciplines are planned. SOCLAS last met in March, 1977, at Texas Tech University. SOCLAS recently re instituted its newsletter, after a lapse of several years. Newsletter Editor is Harvey Johnson of the University of Houston. The newsletter will appear three times a year.

The Southeastern Council of Latin American Studies revised its constitution during 1976-77, and, in addition to streamlining procedures, changed its name from the Southeastern Conference to the Southeastern Council. The acronym, SECOLAS, remains the same. SECOLORS plans special commemorations at its forthcoming meeting, which will mark the twenty-fifth anniversary of the Council. The sessions will be held April 6-8, 1978, in Charleston, South Carolina. The conference will be hosted by the Citadel, and focus on the theme "Political Parties and Participation in Latin America". The University of South Florida in Tampa will host the 1979 meeting during April. Current officers are President: Joseph L. Arapena, Clemson University; President-Elect: William L. Harris, The Citadel; and, Secretary-Treasurer: Lawrence A. Clayton, University of Alabama. SECOLORS will continue to publish its annual proceedings, a long-standing tradition. Copies may be obtained from the Editor, Eugene R. Hews, Kennesaw Junior College, Marietta, Georgia.

Title VI of the NDEA authorizes the U.S. Commissioner of Education to award grants to higher education institutions to develop an international dimension in their general education program by establishing and operating international studies programs at the undergraduate level. The grants are designed to assist institutions in developing international programs which are interdisciplinary, comparative and interregional. Federal funds may be used to upgrade staff capabilities in international studies, revise and update curricula, and improve existing resources in international studies through the development of new or revised courses.

Competitions are held annually, generally in the late fall, subject to the availability of funds. Approximately 12-14 new awards are made each year, with funding not to exceed $45,000 per year for a single institution, or $70,000 for a consortium program. Programs may vary in approach. Examples of some program alternatives are:

- An integrated, global approach to the contemporary world.
- A comparative approach to foreign area studies and world problems.
- The development of a broader view of the world through the arts, music, and drama.
- Transnational concerns, involving a range of topics and issues that transcend the boundaries of nations.
- A program in international communications.
- A career-oriented, articulated degree program offering training in business or other applied or professional fields in conjunction with internationally focused courses.

PROVISIONAL LIST OF DISSERTATIONS ON LATIN AMERICAN TOPICS—PART II


FRASE, Ronald Glen. Princeton Theological Seminary, 1975. A sociological analysis of the development of Brazilian Protestantism: a study in social change. 617 p. 75-23,158


FRICKE, Robert Carl. Baylor University, 1975. An investigation of the role of religion in the ethics of Antonio Caso Andrade. 266 p. 76-17,139

FRIEDER—VIERRA, Andrea. The University of New Mexico, 1975. School year and summer reading growth of minority and non-minority children in Albuquerque, New Mexico. 123 p. 76-7957

FRITZ, Robert Karl. Indiana University, 1975. The attitude of José Joaquín Fernández de Lizardi (El Pensador Mexicano) toward Mexican independence from Spain 284 p. 75-23,471


FUSCO, Joseph Francis. Indiana University, 1975. A cross-cultural investigation of conceptual schemes used by one native group and three [Venezuelan] non-native groups in organizing selected mediators of a culture. 71 p. 76-6310

GALANTI, Marie E. University of Kansas, 1975. Surrealisme et revolution dans la poesie d'Aime Cesaire. 136 p. 76-16,721

GALBRAITH, James Herbert. University of Idaho, 1975. Regional stream-sediment geochemistry and data analysis in Northeast Bahia, Brazil. 297 p. 76-16,892


GARCES OSORIO, Nila. Tulane University, 1975. Social structure, modernization and alienation: a study of Colombian males. 221 p. 76-3999

GARCIA, Anthony Roland. California School of Professional Psychology, San Francisco, 1975. The relation between coping styles toward mental illness and traditional values among Mexican-Americans. 117 p. 75-26,924

GARCIA, José Rafael. Claremont Graduate School, 1975. Liberation and evil: a critique of the thought of Gustavo Gutierrez and Ruben Alves from the standpoint of F.R. Tennant's thoedicy. 185 p. 75-19,663


GARCIA, Rubén Víctor. The University of Texas at Austin, 1975. Modernity and tradition in Cecilia Meireles. 241 p. 76-8033

GARCIA, Soledad Sotres. University of Southern California, 1975. The Mexican American Educator in the Los Angeles unified school district: a descriptive study of his professional status, his aspirations, and his image. 330 p. 75-6413

GARZA, Raymond T. Purdue University, 1975. Affective and associative meaningfulness in the learning style of Chicano and Anglo students. 86 p. 76-525

GARZA, Roberto Jesús. Oklahoma State University, 1975. Chicano studies: a new curricular dimension for higher education in the Southwest. 160 p. 76-9673

GASPAR, Luciano Mota. University of California, Los Angeles, 1975. Educational goals and society: a comparative case study of elementary schools in Fortaleza, Brazil. 132 p. 75-21,653

GAUHAN, Timothy O'Dea. Rice University, 1975. Political attitudinal orientations in

Continued from the September, 1977, Newsletter.
three low-income barrios of Bogotá, Colombia. 268 p.
GHOLMIYEH, Soud Chikham. The Pennsylvania State University, 1975. La théorie de Frantz Fanon sur le rôle de l'écrivain et son extension dans la littérature Négro-Africaine d'expression Française. 151 p.
GRAY, Cornelius Alexander. School of Theology at Claremont, 1975. Toward the decolonization of the institutional church in the West Indies. 154 p.
GREENFIELD, Gerald Michael. Indiana University, 1975. The challenge of growth: the growth of urban public services in São Paulo, 1885-1913. 381 p. 76-2825
GRODNER, Brian Seth. The University of New Mexico, 1975. Assertiveness and anxiety among Anglo and Anglo and Chicano-psychiatric patients. 173 p. 75-28,721
GUERRERO, Gustavo. University of Pittsburgh, 1975. Study of the role of University of Tolima community services in the social and economic development of the Departamento. 118 p. 76-14,137
GUIMARAES, Christine V.L. University of Kentucky, 1975. Program loans as a device to influence Brasil's economic policy decisions during the decade of the sixties. 390 p. 75-26,455
GUSSLER, Judith Danford. The Ohio State University, 1975. Nutritional implications of food distribution networks in St. Kitts. 186 p. 76-9976
GUSTAFSON, Eric William. University of Massachusetts, 1975. The organization and development of a post secondary teaching improvement center in Mexico. 373 p. 75-27,579
GUY, James John. Saint Louis University, 1975. Canada's external relations with Latin America: environment, process and prospects. 306 p. 75-26,259
HADLEY, Phillip Lance. The University of Texas at Austin, 1975. Mining and society in the Santa Eulalia mining complex, Chihuahua, Mexico: 1709-1750. 376 p. 75-24,877
HALPERIN, Rhoda H. Brandeis University, 1975. Administered land and labor: a case for Mexican political economy. 225 p. 75-24,805
HAMILTON, Margaret Elizabeth. The University of Michigan, 1975. Variation among five groups of Amerindians in the magnitude of sexual dimorphism of skeletal size. 269 p. 76-9410
HANSON, Gerald Thomas. Louisiana State University and Agricultural and Mechanical College, 1975. Shantytown stage development: the case of Kingston, Jamaica. 245 p. 76-146
HARLAN, Mark Edward. The University of Arizona, 1975. Prehistoric exchange at Chamalcatzingo, Morelos, Mexico. 313 p. 75-22,389
HARMON, Maryellen C. University of Massachusetts, 1975. Paulo Freire: implications for a theory of pedagogy. 329 p. 76-5340
Hydrochus of North America, Central America and West Indies. 441 p. 76-23,786
HENRY, Christopher Duval. The University of Texas at Austin, 1975. Geology and geochronology of the granitic batholithic complex, Sinaloa, Mexico. 192 p. 75-24,888
HERNÁNDEZ, Edward Dennis. University of California, Los Angeles, 1975. Modernization and dependency in Costa Rica during the decade of the 1880's. 373 p. 75-19,685
HERNÁNDEZ, Mike Angel. University of Utah, 1975. A comparative study of attitudes toward athletics as expressed by Mexican American and non-Mexican American high school boys. 149 p. 76-3028
HEUNAN, Gad Joseph. Yale University, 1975. Between black and white: brown men in Jamaican politics and society, 1823-1865. 469 p. 76-14,259
HICKEY, Barbara Mary. University of California, San Diego, 1975. The Pacific Equatorial Undercurrent—a velocity and hydrographic section, a study of the relationship between its driving forces, and a time dependent, linear model for its zonal velocity. 273 p. 76-7810
HIGMAN, Perry Christian. The University of Iowa, 1975. Alturas de Macchu Picchu en la obra de Pablo Neruda. 259 p. 76-13,393
HINES, John Harter. The University of Texas at Austin, 1975. Cortical bone growth and relationships with body size in Guatemalan preschool age children with mild to moderate protein-calorie malnutrition. 187 p. 75-24,889
HINE, Albert Case, III. University of South Carolina, 1975. Shallow carbonate bank margin structure and depositional processes: northwestern Little Bahama Bank: Bahamas. 225 p. 76-16,603
HODGES, William Edward. University of Utah, 1975. The effects of an intensive group counseling process on failing Chicanos. 89 p. 75-23,342
HOFFNAGEL, Marc Jay. Indiana University, 1975. From monarchy to republic in northeast Brazil: the case of Pernambuco, 1868-1895. 288 p. 76-2832
HUNT, Alfred Nathaniel. The University of Texas at Austin, 1975. The influence of Haiti on the antebellum South, 1791-1865. 269 p. 76-6046
HURZELER, Richard Paul. The University of New Mexico, 1975. Unto those that have: debt in a northeast Brazilian peasant community. 260 p. 76-22,149
IDE, Charles Frank. Princeton University, 1975. Genetic ablation of a locomotor pattern


JUÁREZ, Paul Hill. United States International University, 1975. The views of public school board trustees and school superintendents on selected issues in the area of bilingual bicultural education. 292 p.


KAUPP, Robert E. University of Massachusetts, 1975. The bases of political power of the political middlemen of San Pablito de la Sierra de Puebla, Mexico. 400 p.


KLUECK, Patricia Ann. Cornell University, 1975. Decision-making among descendants of German immigrant farmers in Rio Grande do Sul, Brazil. 280 p. 76-8140
KOENIG, Edna Louise. The University of Texas at Austin, 1975. Ethnicity and language in Corozal district, Belize: an analysis of code switching. 243 p. 75-16,692
KONZ, Barbara Dianne Cantella. The University of Texas at Austin, 1975. From modernism to vanguard: the aesthetics of Haiku in Hispanic poetry. 358 p. 76-14,407
KRAPMER, Thomas Francis. University of Miami, 1975. Geochemical investigation of Pleistocene sediments from the American Mediterranean. 163 p. 76-12,848
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LAMBERT, Donald Eli. Rutgers University, the State University of New Jersey, 1975. The developmental bases of nonstate behavior: nonstate actors and regional political development in Western Europe and Latin America. 562 p. 75-24,705
LANGDON, Thomas Allen. Tulane University. Food restrictions in the medical system of the Barasana and Taiwano Indians of the Colombian northwest Amazon. 310 p. 76-13,392
LANGHORST, Frederick Hart. Emory University, 1975. Three Latin Americans look at us: the United States as seen in the essays of José Martí, José Enrique Rodó, and José Vasconcelos. 257 p. 76-12,183
LASARTE, Francisco J. Princeton University, 1975. Artistic trajectory and emergent meaning in the fiction of Felisberto Hernández. 157 p. 75-23,217
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LAUDON, Robert Clark. The University of Texas at Austin, 1975. Stratigraphy and petrology of the Difunta Group, La Popa and eastern Parras Basins, Northeastern Mexico. 317 p. 75-16,696
LEE, Sang-Shyong. The University of Oklahoma, 1975. Secular variation of the intensity of the geomagnetic field during the past 3,000 years in North, Central, and South America. 217 p. 76-3113
LEES, Francis Carl. University of Kansas, 1975. A numerical analysis of the anthropometrics of Tlaxcalan populations. 181 p. 76-16,745
LEONARD, Virginia Waugh. The University of Florida, 1975. Church-state relations in Argentina since 1943. 420 p. 76-12,086
LEPSCH, Igo Fernando. North Carolina State University at Raleigh, 1975. Soil-landscape relationships in an area of the Occidental plateau of São Paulo, Brazil. 173 p. 76-14,327
LEWIS, George Kinsman. Ball State University, 1975. The acculturation of Barbadian agriculture workers in Canada. 277 p. 76-16,470
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LIMÓN, Grace Maria. University of California, Los Angeles, 1975. The death cult: lyric and symbolic unity in the works of Juan Rulfo. 170 p. 75-21,663
LIPKA, Douglas Arthur. Texas A&M University, 1975. The systematics and zoogeography of cephalopods from the Gulf of Mexico. 360 p. 76-3651
LONDONO, Diego R. Oklahoma State University, 1975. Economic analysis of subsistence agriculture in García Rovira, Colombia. 167 p. 76-9709
LOPEZ, Sarah Jane Hudelson. The University of Texas at Austin, 1975. The use of context by native Spanish speaking Mexican American children when they read in Spanish. 159 p. 75-24,904
LOPEZ-DEYNE, Alejandro. The Ohio State University, 1975. Attitudes toward sex education in selected culturally deprived areas of San Juan, Puerto Rico. 222 p. 76-10,000
LORD, David George. University of California, Riverside, 1975. Money order economy: remittances in the Island of Utila. 224 p. 76-12,656
LOVELAND, Franklin O. Duke University, 1975. Dialectical aspects of natural symbols: order and disorder in Rama Indian cosmology. 513 p. 76-8761
LOWERY, Dellita Martin. The Ohio State University, 1975. Selected poems of Nicolás Guillén and Langston Hughes: their use of Afro-Western folk music genres. 280 p. 75-18,462
LOWRIE, Walter Edward. Syracuse University, 1975. France, the United States and the Lesseps Panama Canal: renewed rivalry in the Western hemisphere, 1379-1889. 363 p. 76-7664
LUCE, Carol Jean. East Texas State University, 1975. A comparative study of the Popol Vuh and myths of the Southeastern American Indians. 89 p. 76-4643
LUCERO, Donaciano. University of Northern Colorado, 1975. The relationship between precollege academic predictors and the Chicano outcome groups enrolled in the project GO program at Colorado State University. 93 p. 75-23,323

LUND, Mark Alan. Iowa State University, 1975. Identifying, developing, and adopting technologies appropriate for rural development with applications to Huari province in Peru. 222 p. 76-9188


LYON, Jessie C. Claremont Graduate School, 1975. Diplomatic relations between the United States, Mexico and Japan: 1913-1917. 214 p. 75-25,824


MCROSSAN, Linda V. University of Massachusetts, 1975. Bilingual/bicultural education for the Spanish speaking student in Massachusetts: an analysis of perceived dimensions of an ideal bicultural teacher. 246 p. 76-5365

MCDOWELL, John Holmes. The University of Texas at Austin, 1975. The speech play and verbal art of Chichano children: an ethnographic and sociolinguistic study. 432 p. 75-24,918


MCKAY, Maryann. Stanford University, 1975. Spoken Spanish of Mexican American children: a monolingual and bilingual school program. 139 p. 75-13,557


MCLEOD, Ralph O. The University of New Mexico, 1975. The theater of Rene Marques: a search for identity in life and in literature. 210 p. 76-7959

MAGALIS, Joanne Evelyn. University of Illinois at Urbana-Champaign, 1975. A seriation of some Marajoara painted anthropomorphic urns. 537 p. 76-6852

MAGNARELLI, Sharon Dishaw. Cornell University, 1975. The first person in the modern Spanish-American novel. 158 p. 75-27,045


MARINA, Dorita Roca. University of Miami, 1975. Effects on culture conflict of a structured intervention program with Cuban youth. 131 p. 75-25,419

MARINO, Joseph Don, Jr. The Pennsylvania State University, 1975. Toltec settlement patterns in the Teotihuacan Valley, Mexico. 569 p. 76-17,192


MARRONE, Nila Gutierrez. New York University, 1975. Estudio lingüístico del estilo en la prosa de Juan Ruíz. 263 p. 76-10,198

MARTIN, George Edward. Fordham University, 1975. Ethnic political leadership: the case of the Puerto Ricans. 335 p. 75-18,889


MAS, Ramon. The Florida State University, 1975. El desarrollo literario de Julio Cortazar. 136 p. 76-2672


MAY, Ralph Dewel. Purdue University, 1975. A systems model of the cattle economy—a Guyana application. 359 p. 76-20,389


MEDINA, Elizabeth Ramos. University of Colorado, 1975. La muerte en las obras de Gabriel García Márquez. 232 p. 76-11,595

MEGANCK, Richard Albert. Oregon State University, 1975. Colombia's national parks: an analysis of management problems and perceived values. 367 p. 75-26,062


MEJÍA, Oscar, S.J. Boston College, 1975. Intercommunication in education: the development of a model of communication process between a selected group of high schools and a university in Colombia. 299 p. 75-21,279

MELODY, Laura, Sister. University of Illinois at Urbana-Champaign, 1975. Mexican American mother's teaching style and their children's need for structure. 133 p. 76-6872

MELLO, Ediruald de. The University of New Mexico, 1975. Adaptation of a computer simulation model for planning state school finance programs in Sergipe, Brazil. 164 p. 76-7967


MILES, Phillip Stahl. The University of Arizona, 1975. Agonistic behavior of some gobid fishes from the Gulf of California. 175 p. 75-17,827


MILLER, Robert Howard, Jr. University of Miami, 1975. Military government and approaches to national development: a comparative analysis of the Peruvian and Panamanian experiences. 456 p. 76-12,853

MILLIGAN, James Clark. Texas Tech University, 1975. José Bernardo Gutierrez de Lara, Mexican frontiersman, 1811-1841. 220 p. 76-17,757


MIYA, Mildred. University of Utah, 1975. The metaphor of ethnic experience. A teaching dissertation [Hispanic Americans one of five groups covered]. 286 p. 76-5677


MOLION, Luiz Carlos Baliciero. The University of Wisconsin-Madison, 1975. A climatonomic study of the energy and moisture fluxes of the Amazonas Basin with considerations of deforestation effects. 142 p. 75-26,517

MOLLER, Darlene A. Townsend. Washington State University, 1975. Family interaction in the development of gender identity in Mexican-American and Anglo adolescents. 94 p. 76-4369

MORAIS, Francisco Ilton de Oliveira. University of California, Riverside, 1975. Charge characteristics and iron exchange equilibria in soils from humid tropics of Brazil. 166 p. 76-28,090

MORAND, Carlos. The University of Iowa, 1975. Visión de Santiago en la novela chilena. 210 p. 75-23,071


MOORE, Consuela María (Sybil Kein). The University of Michigan, 1975. The tricolored caged muse: a comparative study of Afro-American, Mexican-American, and Native-American literature. 158 p. 76-9319

MORALES, Alejandro Dennis. Rutgers University, the University of New Jersey, 1975. Visión panorámica de la literatura Mexico-Americana hasta el boom de 1966. 318 p. 76-7313


MORHARDT, Constance Connor. Yale University, 1975. The rationalist nature of the lyrical poetry of Sor Juana Inés de la Cruz. 209 p. 76-13,213

MORRISON, Douglas Wildes. Cornell University, 1975. The foraging behavior and feeding ecology of a neotropical fruit bat, Artibeus jamaicensis [in the Panama Canal Zone]. 101 p. 76-12,879

MOSENA, Patricia Wimberly. The University of Tennessee, 1975. Application of a waiting-time model to the measurement of sterility among a noncontracepting sample of women in Latin America. 169 p. 76-11,073

MOSER, Christopher Lawrence. University of California, Los Angeles, 1975. Late Classic Mixteca Baja–Nuine writing and iconography. 262 p. 75-25,200

MUELLER, Charles Curt. Vanderbilt University, 1975. Factors affecting the development of the cattle industry in central Brazil. 897 p. 76-15,499

MUELLER, Charles Wendell. University of Miami, 1975. Pioneer roads and the modernization of Brazilian Amazónia Occidental. 353 p. 76-12,854

MUELLER; William Hutchinson. The University of Texas at Austin, 1975. Parent-child and sibling correlations and heritability of body measurements in a rural Colombian population. 218 p. 75-24,925

MUHLMANN, Liliana Bertha. The Florida State University, 1975. Identification of needed teacher competencies at the primary level in Argentina and a model for an in-service training program. 76-16,533

MUNGUA, George Anthony. Fordham University, 1975. A transitional stage in the agricultural sector: the case of the Dominican Republic. 139 p. 76-6131


MUÑOZ, Humberto García. The University of Texas at Austin, 1975. Occupational and earnings inequalities in Mexico City: a sectoral analysis of the labor force. 434 p. 75-24,926

MUÑOZ, Orlando de Oliveira. The University of Texas at Austin, 1975. Industrialization, migration and entry labor force changes in Mexico City, 1930-1970. 286 p. 75-24,927

MURAD, Timothy. Rutgers University, the State University of New Jersey, 1975. José Revueltas in the Mexican short story. 266 p. 76-7316


NAIMA, Dana Patricia. The University of Oklahoma, 1975. The dramatic works of Agustin Cuzzani. 165 p. 75-21,815

NASERI, Gholamreza. Northern Illinois University, 1975. Self-esteem, test anxiety and general anxiety among students of three ethnic groups [including Spanish surnamed children] in grades nine through twelve. 76-8926

NECTOUX, Joseph J. University of Southern Mississippi, 1975. An investigation of perceptions held by elementary school principals, teachers, and teacher aides of Collier County, Florida, toward elementary school-aged migrant children of Mexican-American (TO BE CONTINUED IN MARCH, 1977 LASA NEWSLETTER)
LATIN AMERICAN STUDIES ASSOCIATION
Founded and Incorporated May, 1966

The Latin American Studies Association is a charitable and educational body. It is a national non-profit learned society of scholars and specialists that fosters the interests, both educational and professional, of persons concerned with the study of Latin America and that promotes education through more effective teaching, training, and research. The Association provides both a forum and an instrumentality for treating matters of common interest to the scholarly disciplines and to individuals concerned with Latin American studies.

Persons and institutions having these educational and scholarly concerns in matters related to Latin America are welcome. Membership is not restricted to United States citizens. Persons and institutions seeking membership should apply to: LASA, Box 13362 University Station, Gainesville FL 32604. Dues include receipt of the Association's publications for one calendar year.

The Consortium of Latin American Studies Programs (CLASP) is the national organization of institutions of higher education offering study related to Latin America and is in effect the institutional arm of LASA. Formed in the fall of 1968, the Consortium provides the institutional dimension for the realization of the educational purposes of the Association. Cooperative activities are arranged through the Steering Committee of the Consortium, while liaison is maintained through the Executive Secretariat which serves both organizations. Annual dues are $50. 1977 Steering Committee: G. Michele Riley (U. of Wisconsin–Milwaukee) Chmn, Eugenio Chang-Rodríguez (Queens/CUNY), Philip F. Flemion (San Diego State U.), Miriam Williford (Winthrop Coll.)

The Latin American Research Review is the official publication of the Association. The Review is published in three issues annually. The LASA Newsletter, a quarterly release of the Secretariat, is the basic news organ of the Association. Announcements and news items for the Newsletter should be sent to the Secretariat. It is available to the membership of the Association and by separate subscription at $10 per calendar year.

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